

Findings of IEA Annex 81 ‘Data-Driven Smart Buildings’

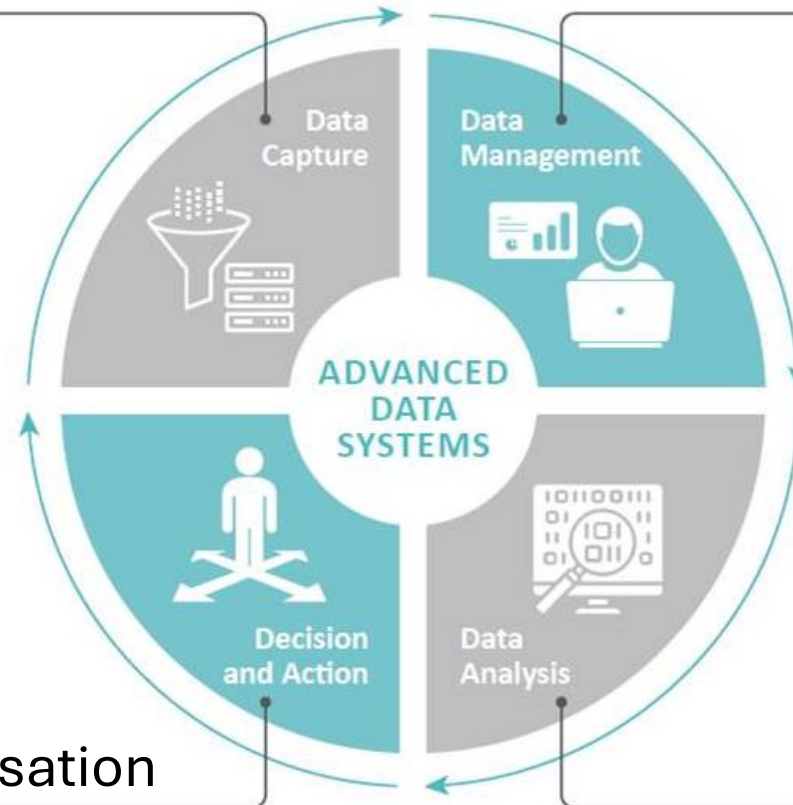
Dr. Stephen White

IEA Annex 81 Operating Agent

What makes a building 'smart'?

ANNEX 81

- Energy meter
 - IoT sensors and devices
 - Connected BMS
 - Mobile devices
-
- Dispatch instructions
 - Automated settlement
 - Human interfaces & visualisation

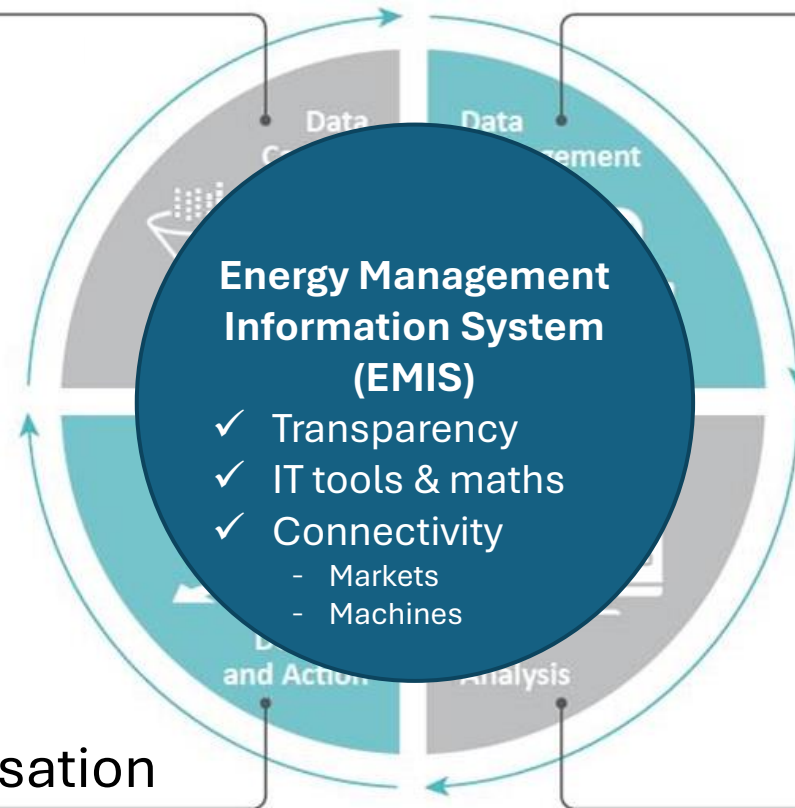


- Access controls
 - Data federation
 - Standard data structures
-
- Data mining
 - AI/ML

What makes a building ‘smart’?

ANNEX 81

- Energy meter
 - IoT sensors and devices
 - Connected BMS
 - Mobile devices
-
- Dispatch instructions
 - Automated settlement
 - Human interfaces & visualisation

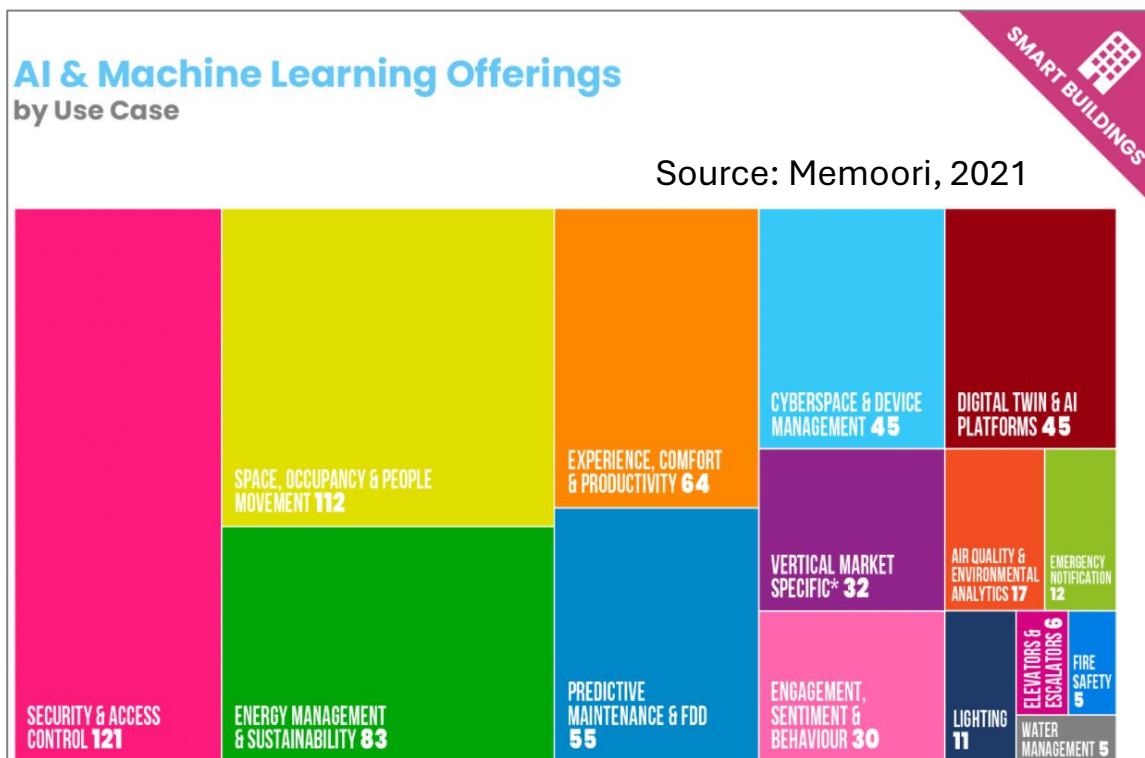


- Access controls
 - Data federation
 - Standard data structures
-
- Data mining
 - AI/ML

“Platform” for managing multi-stakeholder interactions

Scaling AI

ANNEX 81



What creates scalability???



1. Use of data-driven algorithms (*Machine-Learning: numerical trial-and-error Vs physical rules-based*)
 - Automated logic instead of labour-intensive human logic
 - New value by identifying unexpected patterns
2. IT industry data infrastructure/ practices
 - Machine to machine connectivity
 - FAIR data management

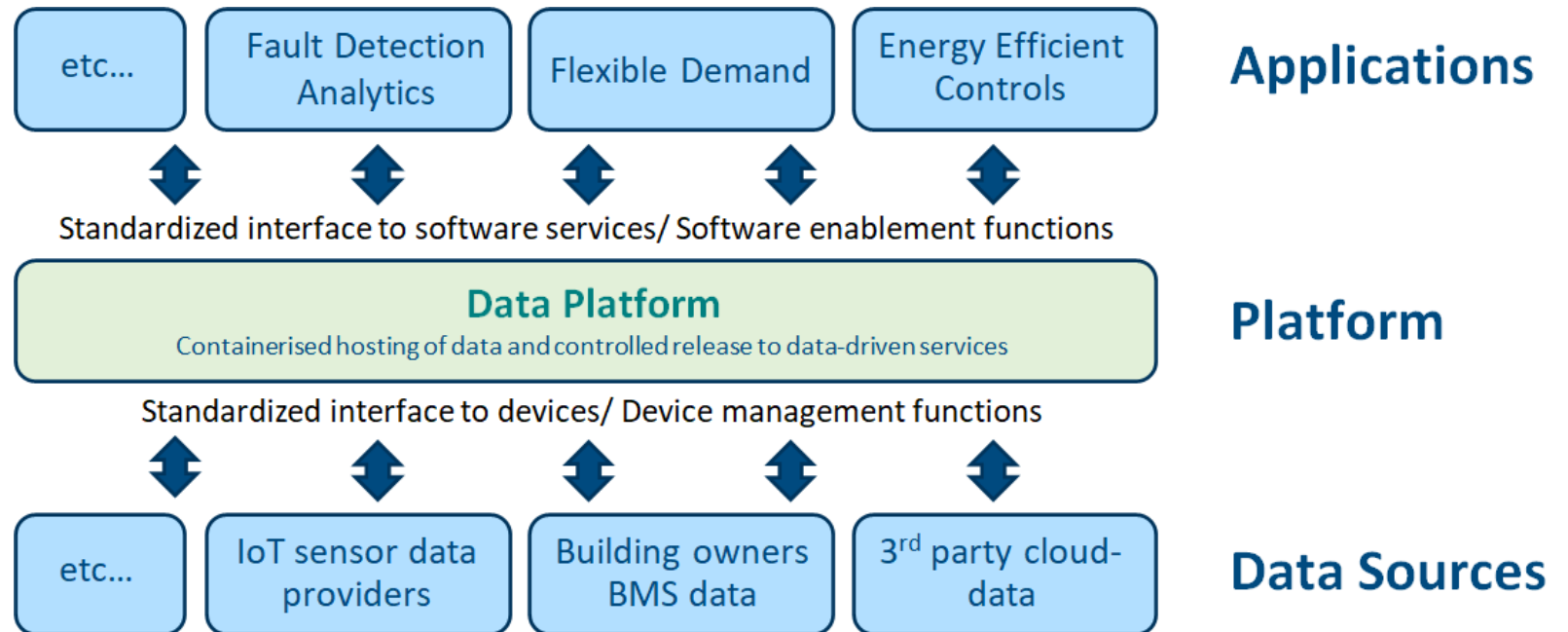
 **Self-service deployment**

Subtask A: Data Sharing and Data Platforms

Cloud-Based Data Management?

ANNEX 81

- ✓ Remote access to services.
- ✓ Scalable resources and access to specialist data management skills.
- ✓ Consolidation with 3rd party data.



Theme 2: Establish 'digital ready' certification

"when you talk about analytics, it's all about data management, right?"
- Data quality, data management."

SaaS Platform Provider

"I mean, it's not a secret that in anything data driven 80% of the effort is in the data part"

SaaS Platform Provider

"Standards on data modelling/ acquisition would be very helpful"

Controls Contractor

"the next challenge is ultimately standardisation"

SaaS Platform Provider

"I think for me it all comes back down to the data structures. How fast it can go will be related to how interoperable and structured in standard are the different assets".

SaaS Platform Provider

"A digital ready audit for the customer. There's no point putting analytics on the table if a customer's not digitally ready."

SaaS Platform Provider

"We have to convince them with lot of certifications. We have to spend so much of our budget qualifying for the cyber security so that our product is qualified"

Hardware Supplier

"How do we get consistent data and how consistent does the data need to be. At the moment, everyone's got data and different bits and pieces [of data but] it's not associated with a clear taxonomy or labelling piece"

Consultant

"[Facilities Management is] like going into a library and someone's got in there before you and messed it all up, and they've swapped all the books around and you spend a day trying to find something which should be categorized properly"

Facilities Manager

"regulatory measures might be like specifically implementing smart metering properly and that gets the infrastructure in place to collect the data appropriately"

Consultant

"The ability to get like that, bronze, silver and gold kind of data cost effectively is critical and it might be about how that again is in their specification clauses - examples that you can kind of write out so it's easy to embed them in your future contracts."

Consultant

"What will it do to my building and how do I evaluate that? So it's kind of the quality assurance of AI piece that needs to be understood."

Consultant

"A clearly defined cloud infrastructure that is NIST compliant helps the owner or operator to overcome their fears"

Hardware Supplier

"It's better to focus on what the minimum pieces are for the minimum viable product?"

"...how do we transfer that digital information across at each stage and what should actually be required in that".

Consultant

"If we had a plaque that says «you are digitized», at a standard level, silver level, etc... If something like this exists, then I can come into that building and provide my services very, very, very quickly."

SaaS Platform Provider

"I'm always against anything that's trying to standardize ... because it usually has the attitude that it's one answer, and that answer fits everything... we know that's not the case".

Consultant

"Buildings need to have at least certain level of digital maturity (accessibility for example)"

Building Owner



The FAIR Data Principles

Box 2 | The FAIR Guiding Principles

To be Findable:

- F1. (meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier
- F2. data are described with rich metadata (defined by R1 below)
- F3. metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data it describes
- F4. (meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource

To be Accessible:

- A1. (meta)data are retrievable by their identifier using a standardized communications protocol
 - A1.1 the protocol is open, free, and universally implementable
 - A1.2 the protocol allows for an authentication and authorization procedure, where necessary
- A2. metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available

To be Interoperable:

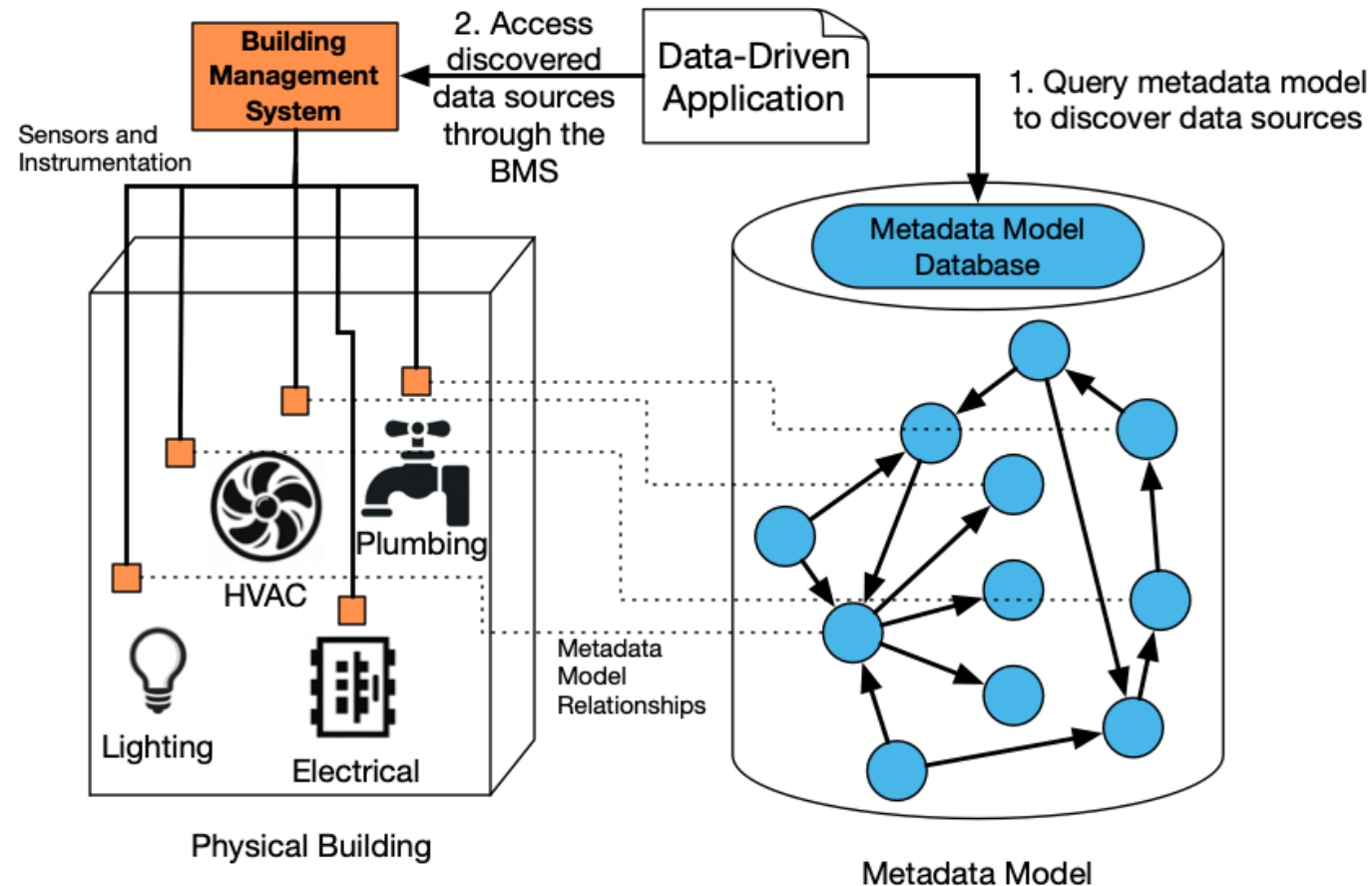
- I1. (meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.
- I2. (meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles
- I3. (meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data

To be Reusable:

- R1. meta(data) are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes
 - R1.1. (meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license
 - R1.2. (meta)data are associated with detailed provenance
 - R1.3. (meta)data meet domain-relevant community standards

Wilkinson et al, 2016 “The FAIR Guiding Principles for Scientific Data Management and Stewardship”, Scientific Data, 3:160018’

Meta-Data Management for 'machine readability'



Meta-data schema

- Ontologies

Meta-data model

Semantic Sufficiency

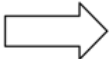
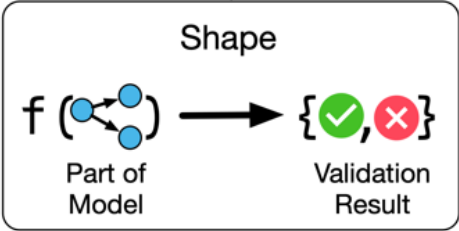
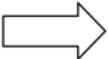
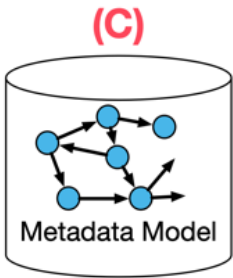
4.1 VAV Terminal Unit—Cooling Only

Required?	Description	Type	Device
R	VAV box damper position	AO OR two DOs	Modulating actuator OR Floating actuator
R	Discharge airflow	AI	Differential pressure (DP) transducer connected to flow sensor
R	Zone temperature	AI	Room temperature sensor
A	Local override (if applicable)	DI	Zone thermostat override switch
A	Occupancy sensor (if applicable)	DI	Occupancy sensor
A	Window switch (if applicable)	DI	Window switch
A	Zone temperature setpoint adjustment (if applicable)	AI	Zone thermostat adjustment
A	Zone CO ₂ level (if applicable)	AI	Room CO ₂ sensor

Application Authors



(A)



(D)

Report

Equipment	Valid?	Reason
bldg:vav1	true	
bldg:vav2	false	missing linked Temperature Sensor
...	...	...

Model authors



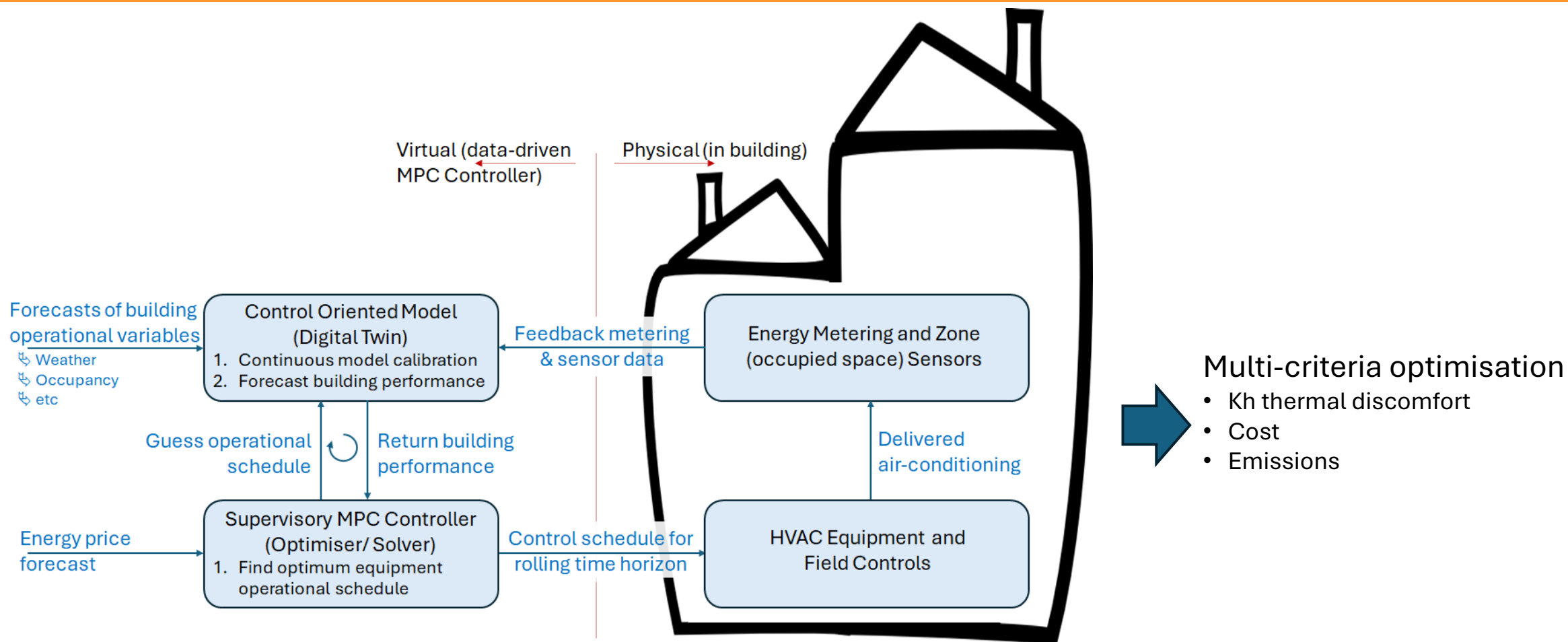
(E)

Data Platform Features

- Building onboarding and connecting to data-source
 - Building registration wizards
 - Device communication protocols
 - Data source discovery and authentication
- Data storage and retrieval
 - Data cleaning
 - Time series data storage
 - ➔ Meta-data structured storage
 - ➔ Data access permissioning system
 - Data download
- Data utilisation and user support
 - Basic visualisations and alerts
 - Compute resources and output results sharing
 - ➔ Application market-place and access to 3rd party data

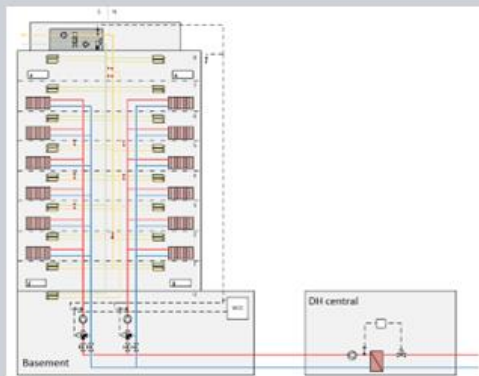
Subtask B: Model Predictive Control

Digital twin for control



Six exemplar datasets

1. Office Building (Oslo, Norway)



- 8 floors, total area 3,800 m² (40,880 ft²)
- AHU with a rotating heat recovery wheel
- District heating

2. ZEB Living Lab (Trondheim, Norway)



- Testing facility, NTNU
- 100 m² (1100 ft²)
- Space heating: floor heating, central radiator, air ventilation

3. FlexHouse (Copenhagen, Denmark)



- Experimental facility, DTU campus
- Several zones instrumented independently

<https://data.mendeley.com/datasets/xztfbtsgys/3>

4. Varennes Library (Varennes, Canada)



- 2100 m² (23100 ft²)
- 110 kWp of PV panels on the roof
- 10 ground-source heat pumps

5. FLEXLAB (Berkeley, California)



- Experimental facility, Berkeley
- 3.64 kW PV system
- Electric battery storage system

6. Office space / Research Techno Plaza (NTU, Singapore)

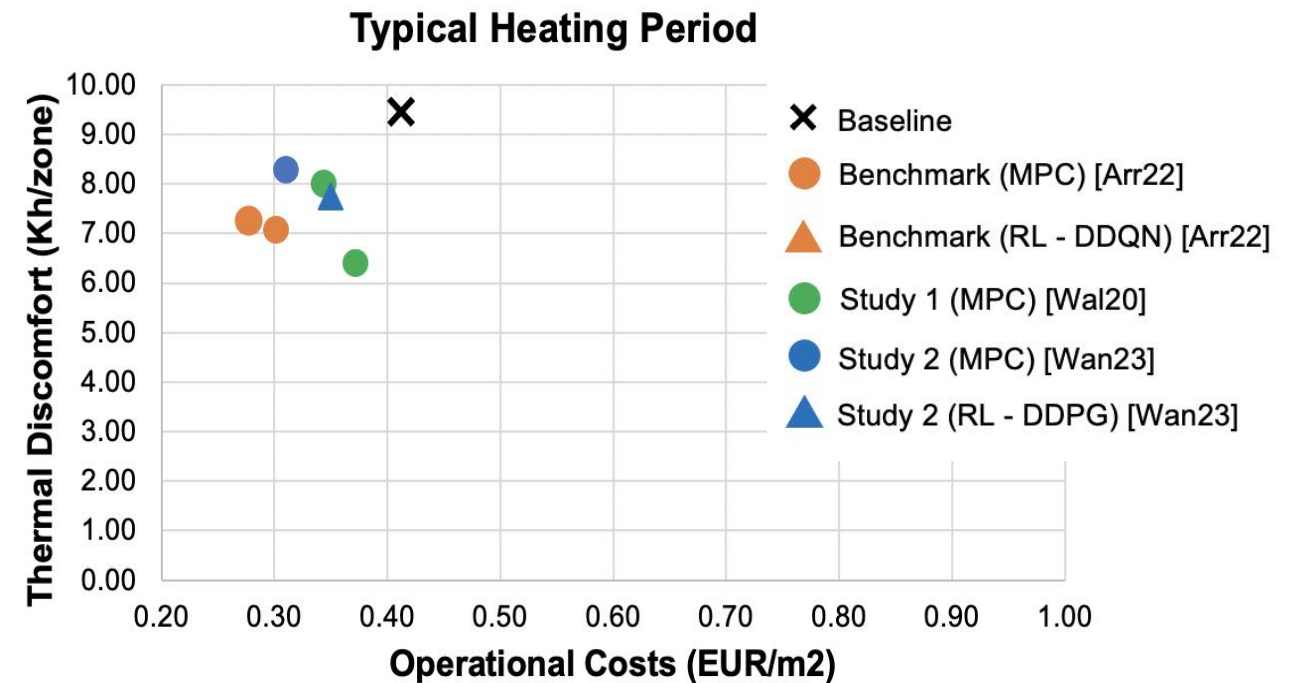
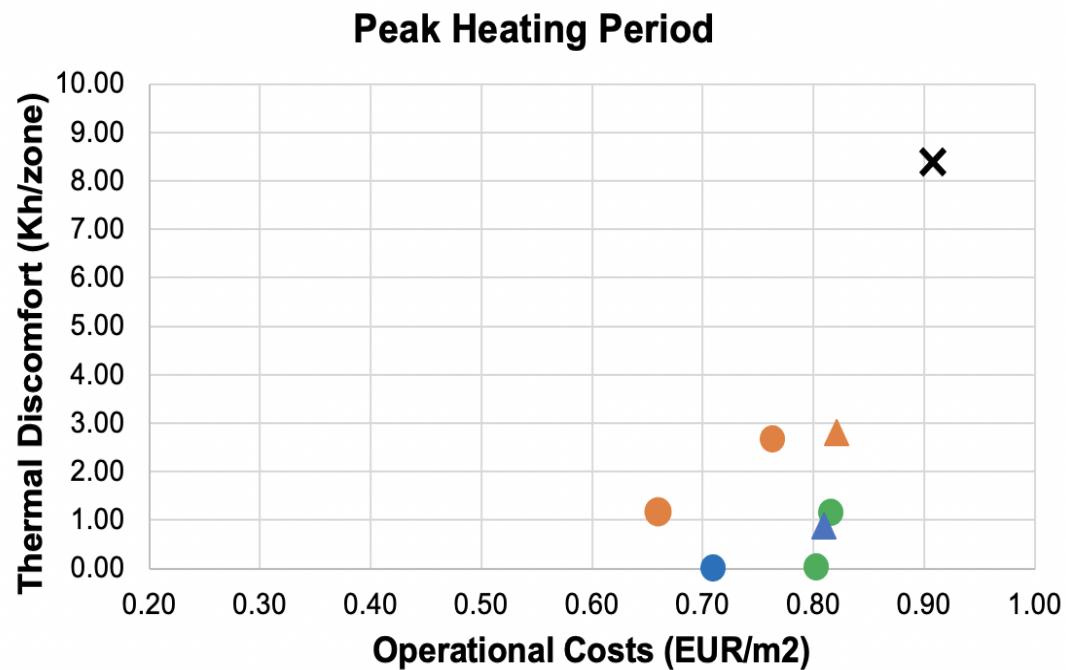


- Living lab, NTU
- Testbed office with a floor area of 46 m²
- VAV system

Common Exercise Studies

ANNEX 81

bestest_heat_pump_hydronic test case



Subtask C:

Applications and Services

- KPIs for Benchmarking
- Fault Detection and Diagnosis
- Building to Grid

Subtask D: Case Studies and Roadmap

Case Studies and Website

<https://datasmartbuildings.org/>

ANNEX 81

Lessons Learnt

- Data quality and management
- Technology specification and implementation,
- Stakeholder engagement,
- Governance, compliance, and legal oversight

 DATA-DRIVEN SMART BUILDINGS

[HOME](#) [ABOUT](#) [PROJECT TEAM](#) [NEWS AND UPDATES](#)

LOCATION

☐ Asia
☐ Australia
☐ North America

TECHNICAL

☐ Model-based Control
☐ Fault Detection and Diagnostics
☐ Bench Marking
☐ Demand Response
☐ Open Data and Data Platforms

BUILDING TYPE

☐ Domestic
☐ Non-domestic

CASE STUDIES

The work presented on this site aims to gather and report on the technical details, business cases, and stakeholder stories associated with examples where data-driven solutions have been implemented in the real world. Each case study focuses on a particular building, technology, or dataset. Individually, the case study descriptions aspire to highlight a particular facet of applying data-driven smart building technologies. Collectively, the case studies help garner an understanding of the current state of practice and possibly help identify a path forward to critically understanding some of the benefits and challenges associated with data-driven smart buildings.

This page is a work-in-progress. In the coming two years, we will be updating the site with case studies contributed by Annex participants and their collaborators.



ZUB BUILDING
Germany

The ZUB office building was designed in 2001 with the purpos ...

[+ See Case Study](#)



VIVAMUS VEL
Australia

Consectetur adipiscing elit. Nulla vel leo eget nisi fringil ...

[+ See Case Study](#)



SED CONSECTETUR
Cuba

In accumsan, erat eget facilisis pellentesque, libero velit ...

[+ See Case Study](#)



DONEC LOBORTIS
Honduras

Morbi non risus imperdiet, lacinia nisl eget, ornare libero. ...

[+ See Case Study](#)



ETIAM SAGITTIS
France

Ut erat urna, efficitur a molestie molestie, efficitur non j ...

[+ See Case Study](#)



CURABITUR ENIM
Peru

Quisque non semper ligula. Etiam blandit purus in neque elei ...

[+ See Case Study](#)

Policy Roadmap Themes

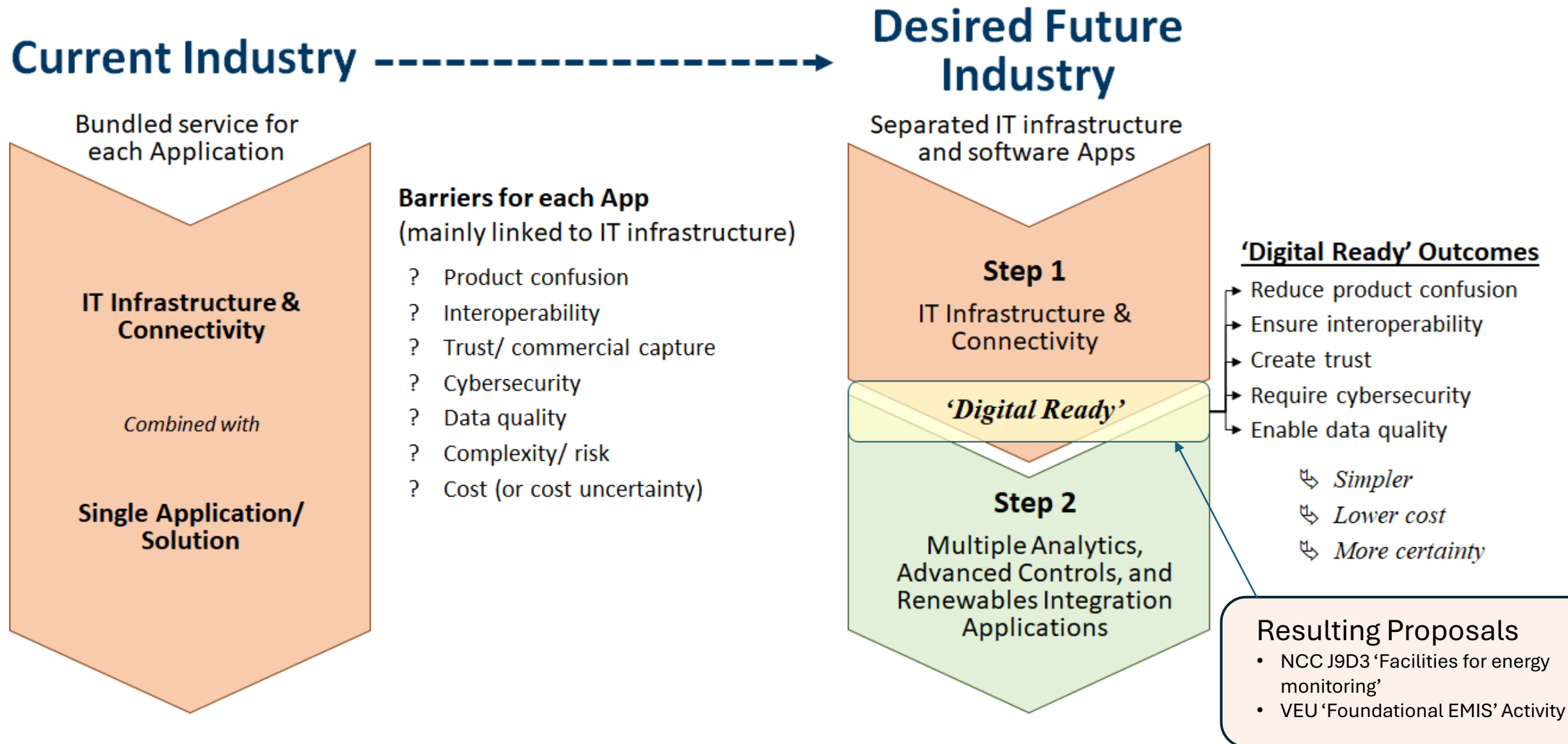
ANNEX 81



- **Theme 1: Provide Information** – to reduce complexity and information asymmetry for buyers.
- **Theme 2: Establish ‘digital ready’ certification** – to standardise solutions and recognise achievement.
- **Theme 3: Lead by example** – to provide a cohort of early adopters that catalyse the market.
- **Theme 4: Support researchers and innovators** – to catalyse a wider range of product offerings and industry maturity, and provide independent validation of the benefits of digitalisation.
- **Theme 5: Incentivise EMIS technology** – to improve the return on investment from the technology.
- **Theme 6: Reduce data sharing risk** – to improve certainty and manage possible compliance issues.
- **Theme 7: Build workforce skills and capacity** – to be able to deliver the services at scale.
- **Theme 8: Integrate buildings into the electricity system** – to prioritise the clean energy transition.

Defining and incentivising data infrastructure

ANNEX **81**



Thank You

Dr. Stephen White

stephen.d.white@csiro.au

IEA EBC HOME LINKS SEARCH SITE MAP EBC-LOGIN

EBC
Energy in Buildings and
Communities Programme



HOME ABOUT SUBTASKS PUBLICATIONS ARTICLES CASE STUDIES DATA DIRECTORY PARTICIPANTS NEWS MEETINGS

MEMBER AREA

IEA EBC - Annex 81 - Data-Driven Smart Buildings

This project imagines a future world empowered by access to discoverable, reliable, ubiquitous real-time data from buildings, such that digital solutions can rapidly scale and where energy efficiency knowledge can be widely encapsulated and disseminated within highly accessible software 'Applications'. Applications, in this context, are

ANNEX INFO & CONTACT

Status: Ongoing (2019 - 2025)

OPERATING AGENT

Dr. Stephen White

<https://annex81.iea-ebc.org/>

Resources

<https://annex81.iea-ebc.org/>

ANNEX **81**



- IEA Annex 81 ‘Subtask A report’ on digital infrastructure for data-driven smart buildings
- IEA Annex 81 ‘Subtask B report’ on model predictive control
- IEA Annex 81 ‘Subtask C report’ on data-driven smart building software applications
- **Report ‘Data-Driven Smart Buildings State of the Art’**
- **Report ‘A survey of metadata schemas for Data-Driven Smart Buildings’**
- **Report ‘A Data-Sharing Guideline for Buildings and HVAC Systems’**
- **Report ‘Opportunities for Government Leadership on Data-Driven Smart Buildings’**
- **Report ‘A Guide on Data Platforms for Data-Driven Smart Buildings’**
- **Building Data Directory**
- **FDD Dataset Repository**
- **MPC Dataset Repository**
- **Building to Grid Dataset Repository**
- **BOPTEST Framework**
- **Energy-Flexibility-KPIs software tool**
- **Data-Driven Smart Buildings Case-Study Repository**