Lifts Group

Minutes of the CIBSE Lifts Group AGM 6 February 2018

PRESENT

Philip Arshad, Network Rail

Tony Baker, Allianz

Tony Barkwith, Mottram Associates Limited

Gina Barney, Gina Barney Associates

John Bashford, J Bashford & Associates

Martin Baxter, Butler & Young Lift Consultants Ltd

Jonathan Beebe, Jonathan Beebe Ltd

Michael Bottomley, Movveo

Andrew Campbell, Traditiional Lift Products Ltd

Ian Carter, Stannah Lift Services

Mathew Chiweda, Safety Nett Ltd

Steve Clarke, Butler & Young Lift Consultants Ltd

Dave Cooper, LECS UK LTD

Alan Cronin, Hilson Moran

Paul Davidson, Hampshire County Council

Lee Dean, LECS UK

Derek Finch, Crest Lifts

Graham Folkes, London Underground

John Gale,

Peter Georgiou, Thyssenkrupp Elevator

Ben Gonella, PCM

Ben Graham, Mitsubishi Electric UK

Karl Grey, Ascent Lift Consultancy Ltd

Malcolm Gulvin, Butler & Young Lift Consultants Ltd

Len Halsey, Canary Wharf Construction

Marta Hergueta, Foster and Partners

Philip Hiscock, Butler & Young Lift Consultants Ltd

Lionel Hutt, Lester Control Systems Ltd

Duncan Jones, Sweco Ltd

Stefan Kaczmarczyk, University of Northampton

Carl Keyser, Sweco

Troy Leach, British Engineering Services Ltd

Chuan Lim, Foster + Partners

Gordon Lucas, ILECS Ltd.

Hakeem Makanju, Transport for London

Val Maranan, Mitsubishi Electric UK

Nick Mellor, LEIA

Ron Moss, Atkins

Phil Pearson, Pearson Consult Ltd

Richard Peters, Peters Research Ltd

Ben Richardson, SWECO Ltd

Adam Scott, SWECO Ltd

Kevin Seaborne, TfL

Vince Sharpe, Allianz Engineering



The Chartered Institution of Building Service Engineers

222 Balham High Road
London SW12 9BS
Telephone 020 8675 5211
Facsimile 020 8675 5449
www.cibse.org

Ralph Smith, VerticA Consulting Limited Jon Spragg, London Underground Patrick Stapleton, City of London Corporation Michael Turner, Lester Control Systems Ltd Stella Uberti, Arup Barry Vanderhoven, Abbacas Consulting Ltd Gordon Wong, Mitsubishi Electric UK

APOLOGIES

Elizabeth Evans, Peters Research Ltd

DISTRIBUTION

Those present and web site

1. Welcome and apologies

The meeting was opened by LH. Apologies received were noted.

2. Minutes of previous meeting

The previous minutes were reviewed and accepted without amendment.

3. Matters arising

There were no matters arising not on the agenda.

4. **Report for 2016**

RP presented a summary of the activities for 2017. The slides for his presentation are attached to these minutes.

5. AGM Elections

The following people were proposed and elected unanimously as officers for the Lifts Group:

Chairman, Len Halsey
Vice Chairman, Michael Bottomley
Secretary, Richard Peters
Treasurer, Elizabeth Evans
BSI Representative, Adam Scott
Events Organiser, Gina Barney
Media WeeChuan Lim
Lift Academy, David Cooper
Exhibitions John Bashford
Events Team, Phil Pearson

Co-opted:

Nick Mellor, LEIA Stefan Kaczmarczyk, University of Northampton

6. Events in 2018

GB reported that the annual seminar will be on 13 November 2018. This evening's workshop would be repeated in Manchester.

Full details of these events and instructions on how to book will be posted on the web site. www.cibseliftsgroup.org as soon as they are available.

RP reported that in 2018 there would be two Lift and Escalator Symposiums organised jointly with the University of Northampton and LEIA. The 8th Symposium will be held on 15 and 16 May in Hong Kong. The 9th Symposium will be held on 18 and 19 September in Northampton. Day 2 of the Hong Kong Symposium will include a CIBSE Guide D Workshop presented by RP/DC and Rory Smith; the workshop will be free to attend.

7. Treasurer's report

RP gave a summary of the accounts which had been reviewed by the committee. The accounts were approved. A copy is attached to these minutes.

8. Standards and Regulations

GB/AS provided an overview of the current status.

9. Any other business

None.

10. Next meeting

Then next Lifts Group AGM and Evening Meeting will be on 5th February 2019.

11. Presentation

The meeting was followed by:

- 1. A presentation on "The new suite of BS 8486 test standards" by Adam Scott, CIBSE Representative on BSI MHE/4 Lifts Committee
- 2. A workshop, "How do you comment on standards?" presented by Dr Gina Barney, IEE (IET) Representative on MHE/4



London Evening Meeting and AGM 7 February 2017



The mysteries of lift maintenance – are lift owners getting a good service? Phil Pearson, Pearson Consult Ltd



The mysteries of BIM Level 2 & LEXiCON

– A Methodology for Delivering
Structured Data
Paul Oakley Building Research
Establishment.

47 people attended

4



Manchester Evening Meeting 6 June 2017



"Lifts have stopped speaking to meproblems with AF induction loops" John Trett. CE Electronics.



"Our Accessible World & The New Part 70" Adam J Scott. SWECO Presented by Dr Gina Barney

22 people attended

6

8

7

5

7th Symposium on Lift & Escalator Technology 20 - 21 September 2017 with The University of Northampton & LEIA



LIFT & ESCALATOR

MPOSIUM



Two days
Peer reviewed
technical papers.
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speakers and
attendees.

The Lift And
Escalator Symposium
Educational Trust
Charity No 1170947

www.liftsymposium.org for proceedings & videos

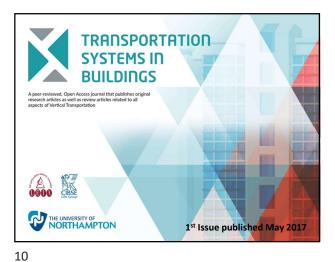
Charity No 1170947

123 people attended

9



1



Annual Seminar London, 1 November 2017

EN 81:20/50 as a Key Driver for Innovation in the Next Generation of Lifts Dennis Major Suspension Systems under Seismic Excitations Stefan Kaczmarczyk Some Thoughts on Rope Life Julia Munday Our Accessible World and the New Part 70 Adam Scott Creating Passengers in Batches for Simulation Richard Peters and Sam Dean My History of Lift Traffic Design 1960 – 2020 Gina Barney

52 people attended

11

Expenditu Balance brought forward as at 1 February 2017 AGM 2016 – 9 February 2017 Dinner for speakers and exec Manchester Event – 6 June 2017 Mechanics Centre Room Hire & Catering Annual Seminar – 8 November 2017 ExertBrite recogning for	Expenditure £161.43 £385.00	Income	£4,148.78 £3,987.35 £3,602.35
AGM 2016 – 9 February 2017 Dinner for speakers and exec	£161.43		£3,987.35
Manchester Event – 6 June 2017 Mechanics Centre Room Hire & Catering	£385.00		£3,602.35
Annual Seminar – 8 November 2017 EventBrite processing fees Income from Delegate Fees	£127.60	£1,725.00	£3,474.75 £5,199.75
Relance as at 21st January 2018			£5 100 75
Balance as at 31st January 2018			£5,199.75

Elizabeth Evans Treasurer.

Evening meeting CIBSE Lifts Group 6 February 2018

WORKSHOP

presented by:

Adam Scott

CIBSE Lifts Group Representative to BSi-MHE/4
The BS 8486 Family of Standards

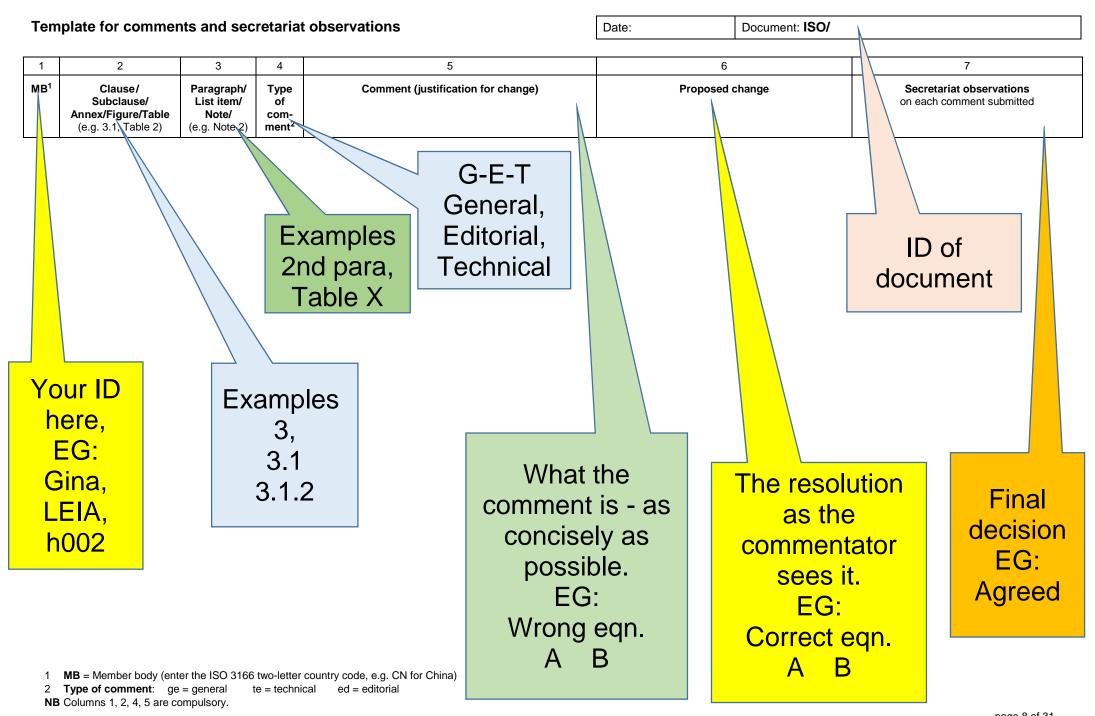
and

Dr Gina Barney

IET-IEE Representative to BSi-MHE/4

Commenting on Standards
"We rely on commentators to spot errors"





page 8 of 31 FORM 13B (ISO) version 2001-09

Template for comments and secretariat observations

A N Other

dd/mm/yy Document: DPC BS 8486-8 Project: CIBSE AGM

MB/ NC ¹	Clause/ Subclause (e.g. 3.1)	Paragraph/ Figure/ Table/ (e.g. Table 1)	Type of comment ²	Comments Justification for change	Proposed change	Observations of the secretariat
Gi	1.1	b)	Е	BS ISO 4190-1 is undated	Add date: BS ISO 4180-1: 2010	
Gi	1.1b) and 1.1c)		Т	It is not possible to check the car dimensions unless the rated load is stated first.	For clarity reverse 1.1 b) and 1.1 c)	
Gi	Intro	Note	Т	NOTE Tests involving a firefighters car key switch in BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.6 and 5.8.8 are included, but attention is drawn to the National Foreword of BS EN 81-72:2015. This note is important and should be upgraded to a clause. It should recite the National Foreword to Part 72 text and be more explicit.	Revise text to: Attention is drawn to the National Foreword of BS EN 81-72:2015, which states: Assumption k) in the Introduction relates to the possible provision of a firefighters car key switch. The usual practice in the UK is not to fit a firefighters car key switch. Provision of such a key switch would be subject to agreement with the fire and rescue service as part of negotiation. Nevertheless tests involving a firefighters car key switch in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.6 and 5.8.8 are included at 4.1j) and 4.3h).	

Draft for Public Comment

PRIVATE CIRCULATION MHE/4 17 0157 For comment - Action Due Date: 2018/02/13 Form 36

DPC: 17 / 30367827 DC

bsi.

389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL

Tel: + 44 (0)20 8996 9000 Fax: + 44 (0)20 8996 7400 www.beinesser

Date: 01 December 2017 Origin: National

Project No. 2017/03277

Latest date for receipt of comments: 13 February 2018

Responsible committee: MHE/4 Lifts, hoists and escalators

Interested committees: MHF/4

Draft BS 8486-8 Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service - Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81

Part 8: Lift features for fire-fighting conforming to BS EN 81-72

Please notify the secretary if you are aware of any keywords that might assist in classifying or identifying the standard or if the content of this standard

i) has any issues related to 3rd party IPR, patent or copyright

ii) affects other national standard(s)

iii) requires additional national guidance or information

WARNING: THIS IS A DRAFT AND MUST NOT BE REGARDED OR USED AS A BRITISH STANDARD.
THIS DRAFT IS NOT CURRENT BEYOND 13 FEBRUARY 2018

This draft is issued to allow comments from interested parties; all comments will be given consideration prior to publication. No acknowledgement will normally be sent. See overleaf for information on the submission of

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Information on the co-operating organizations represented on the committees referenced above may be obtained from http://standardsdevelonment.bsigroup.com

Responsible Editorial Project Manager: Sophie Watson Direct tel: 01473 684477 E-mail: sophie.watson@bsigroup.com

WARNING. THIS IS A DRAFT AND MUST NOT BE REGARDED OR USED AS A BRITISH STANDARD. THIS DRAFT IS NOT CURRENT BEYOND 13 FEBRUARY 2018.

Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service — Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81-

Part 8: Lift features for fire-fighting conforming to BS EN 81-72

Introduction
Your comments on this draft are invited and will assist in the preparation of the resulting British Standard. If no comments are received to the contrary, this draft may be implemented unchanged as a British Standard.

Please note that this is a draft and not a typeset document. Editorial comments are welcome, but you are advised not to comment on detailed matters of typography and layout.

- bubmission of Comments

 The guidance given below is intended to ensure that all comments receive efficient and appropriate attention by the responsible BSI committee.
- This draft British Standard is available for review and comment online via the BSI British Standards Draft Review system (DRS) as http://drafts.bsigroup.com. Registration is free and takes less than a minute.
- Once you have registered on the DRS you will be able to review all current draft British Standards of national origin and submit comments on them. You will also be able to see the comments made on current draft standards by other interested parties.
- When submitting comments on a draft you will be asked to provide both a comment (i.e. justification for a change) and a proposed change.
- All comments will be checked by a moderator before they are made public on the site the technical content of your comment will not be judged or modified; similarly your grammar or spelling will not be corrected. You will receive acknowledgement by email of all comments you submit via the DRS.
- A link to the DRS, or to a specific draft hosted by the system, may be distributed to other interested parties so that they may register and submit comments. It is not necessary to purchase a copy of the draft in order to review or comment on it; however, copies of this draft may be purchased from BSI, Tel. +44(0)20 8996 9001 or email cservices@bsigroup.com. Drafts and standards are also available in PDF format for immediate download from the BSI Shop: http://www.bsigroup.com/shop.

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Publishing information

This part of BS 8486 is published by BSI Standards Limited, under licence from The British Standards Institution, and came into effect on XX Month 201X. It was prepared by Technical Committee MHEAL Lifts, hoists and escalators. A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

Relationship with other publications

BS 8486 is expected to be published in a number of parts:

- · Part 1: Electric lifts (covering lifts conforming to BS EN 81-1);
- Part 2: Hydraulic lifts (covering lifts conforming to BS EN 81-1); Part 3: Passenger and goods passenger lifts conforming to BS EN 81-20;
- Part 4: Passenger and goods passenger lifts in existing buildings conforming to BS EN 81-21⁽¹⁾;
- Part 5: Lift alarm systems conforming to BS EN 81-28¹⁾
- Part 6: Lift features for accessibility conforming to BS EN 81-70¹⁾;
- Part 7: Lift features for vandalism conforming to BS EN 81-71¹⁾;
- Part 8: Lift features for fire-fighting conforming to BS EN 81-72; • Part 9: Lift features for emergency recall conforming to BS EN 81-73;
- Part 10: Lift features for evacuation conforming to BS EN 81-76¹⁾.

This part of BS 8486 is intended to be read in conjunction with BS EN 81-72:2015.

Information about this document

BS EN 81-72:2003 was withdrawn on 31 August 2017 and replaced with BS EN 81-72:2015. BS 8486-8 is intended to be used as a means to verify conformity to BS EN 81-72:2015. BS 8486-1 and BS 8486-2 will remain available for testing lifts installed in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2003.

The Lifts Regulations 2016 [1] require the installer of a lift to take responsibility for its design, manufacture, installation and placing upon the market.

For conformity assessment, the Lifts Regulations 2016 [1] require that before placing upon the market and putting into service a lift shall have undergone certain procedures including inspection and test.

The inspection and test procedures may be undertaken by the installer provided that:

- the installer can demonstrate the necessary expertise by having an appropriate quality assurance system; and either
- the lift conforms to a harmonized standard; or
- the lift has a Type Examination Certificate or Design Examination Certificate from a

According to the requirements of the Lifts Regulations 2016 [1], in order for the installer to demonstrate the competence of the persons carrying out the testing of the lift it is necessary that they operate in accordance with a quality assurance system, monitored by a Notified

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¹⁾ Intended for future publication,

Body. It might be necessary to make available certification of the quality assurance system in order to prove conformity with the Lifts Regulations.

NOTE Notified Bodies testing lift installations are expected to use the test report produced by the NBL Forum

This part of BS 8486 specifies a means of determining compliance with BS EN 81-72. It does not cover every clause in BS EN 81-72 as many requirements are covered by the installer's quality control procedures or are elements of building design to be verified by the

This part of BS 8486 does not cover other issues that are part of the installer's quality assurance system such as calibration of mechanical and electrical test equipment used in the specified tests [e.g. force measurements (N), energy measurements (J), tachometers, voltmeters, ammeters, etc.].

Use of this document

It has been assumed in the preparation of this British Standard that the execution of its provisions will be entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced people, for whose use it has been produced.

Attention is particularly drawn to the recommendations for safe working practices provided in BS 7255. Whilst BS 7255 was written to cover the hazards which can be encountered whilst a lift is undergoing regular maintenance, much of its content is equally applicable to the hazards found during the testing process.

BSI permits the reproduction of the tables in this part of BS 8486. This reproduction is only permitted where it is necessary for the user to record findings on the tables during each application of the standard.

It is assumed that manufacturers and installers will customize these tables to suit their product range, if necessary by removing questions which are not relevant to the lift to be tested.

The following documents are required for the examination and tests to be carried out:

- · installation and test instructions
- general arrangement drawings;
- electrical schematic drawings;
- copies of test certificates (including Type Examination Certificates and details to allow safety component verification)
- Notified Body approvals (if applicable) such as Type Examination Certificates and Design Examination Certificates.

This document is not applicable to existing lifts (installed to previous standards), although it may be used to record the examinations and tests for parts renewed to current standards and as guidance when examining and testing lifts that have been modified or repaired in accordance with BS 8899.

BS 8899:2016, Annex B contains past provisions for lifts with operation in the event of fire and examination and test procedures which were applicable to existing installations.

Presentational conventions

The provisions of this standard are presented in roman (i.e. upright) type. Its requirements are expressed in sentences in which the principal auxiliary verb is "shall".

Commentary, explanation and general informative material is presented in smaller italic type, and does not constitute a normative element.

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The examinations and tests in this part of BS 8486 are intended to be applied prior to the placing the lift into service for first use. Attention is drawn to the implications of testing when the lift is in beneficial use by builders or on any temporary supplies.

Within BS EN 81-72:2015 there are certain requirements relating to the building into which the firefighters lift is installed (see also BS 999). Since these requirements relate to elements of the building and building design, rather than the lift, it is not generally expected that they will be examined or tested. It is assumed that these items have been verified by the building owner/designer. However, it might be necessary to confirm that the items have been addressed by the persons responsible before the lift can be placed into service.

Examples of such items are

- the firefighters lift serves the floors required by the fire safety design for the building;
- dual entry lifts where the firefighters lift lobbies are not located at the same side as the lobby at the fire service access level;
- the fire-protected lobby, lift well and machinery spaces are designed to prevent the ingress of fire and smoke
- the building design limits the flow of water, used as fire-fighting medium, into the lift well;
- firefighters lifts are not used as escape routes;
- a firefighters lift gives access at each level to a fire-protected lobby;
- a secondary power supply and automatic switch gear are provided and able to operate the lift for the required period;
- piping or cabling between machinery space(s) and lift well is fire-protected to the same fire protection level as the lift well structure.

NOTE Tests involving a firefighters car key switch in BS EN 81-72-2015, **5.8.6** and **5.8.8** are included, but attention is drawn to the National Foreword of BS EN 81-72-2015.

In drafting this part of BS 8486, it has been assumed that the same assumptions listed in BS EN 81-72 apply and that:

- items related to the building design have been verified by the building owner/designer as
- where the lift is tested on a temporary supply, the supply characteristics are as the intended permanent supply or that, once the permanent supply is connected, relevant characteristics are checked;
- the electrical supply (primary and secondary) conforms to BS 7671 and has been tested and verified prior to installation of the lift.

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It is recognized that certain tests/checks can be carried out more effectively before installation, and that others can only be made on site, unless it can be demonstrated by a quality assurance procedure and risk assessment that they can be performed with equal effectiveness off site. Answer boxes in this part of IS 6.486 that contain a shaded square imply that the test should be carried out on site as part of installation or testing.

In this standard, the term "lobby" is used which is synonymous with "safe area" used in BS EN 81-72.

Contractual and legal considerations

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

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This part of BS 8486 specifies one means of determining compliance with the provisions for examination, testing and recording results for new firefighters lifts specified in BS EN 81-72:2015, before being put into service.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document, For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

BS 8486-3, Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 3: Passenger and goods passeng lifts conforming to BS EN 81-20

BS EN 81-72:2015, Safety rules for the construction and installation of lifts - Particular applications for passenger and goods passenger lifts - Part 72: Firefighters lifts

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of BS 8486, the terms and definitions given in BS EN 81-72

4 Examination and test of lifts and components

Where lifts are provided with firefighters controls, when the examination and tests specified in BS EN 81-72:2015 are carried out, the results shall be recorded using the questionnaires given in Tables 1 to 4 of this part of BS 8486. Once all these have been answered satisfactorily, the result shall be recorded in BS 8486-3:2017, Table 1.

All questions on the questionnaires shall be answered. Where a negative result (non-conformity) is recorded, it shall be clearly identifiable from a result confirming conformity. Answer boxes in the questionnaires that contain a shaded square indicate that the test shall be carried out on site. Those sections that are not required to be carried out on site may be completed at any time during the design, manufacture, installation or test of the

NOTE It is essential to ensure that the safety requirements of BS EN 81-72 are all met and the associated addressed. This part of BS 8486 does not contain its own risk assessment but utilizes the risk assessment in BS EN 81-75.

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Table 1 – Result of examination and test – Firefighters lifts – General

3.2 Confirm that all electrical equipment in the lift well below the highest landing level and within 1 m of any wall containing landing doors, on and within the car roof, and around and within the outer sides of the car walls, is protected against dripping and splashing water to at least BS EN 60529, IPX3, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.3.1 and 5.3.5.

b) Confirm that the car roof prevents accumulation of water and facilitates draining from the roof in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.3.5.

Confirm that all electrical equipment within the lift well below the highest landing level located more than 1,0 m away from a wall containing a landing door is protected against dripping water to at least BS EN 60529, IPX1, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, **5.3.1**.

Confirm that all electrical equipment less than 1.0 m above the pit floor is protected in accordance with BS EN 60529, IP67, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, **5.3.2**.

Confirm that the socket outlet and lowest lamp in the pit are at least 0.5 m above the highest permissible water level, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, **5.3.2**.

Confirm that equipment in any machinery spaces located outside the lift well is protected from malfunction caused by water, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, **5.3.3**.

g) Confirm either that the measures in 1) have been provided or that both 2) and 3) are provided:

 Drainage channels and/or raising or ramping of the floor are provided to every landing entrance of the lift well (whether to a sa area or otherwise), in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.3.4 and E.2.

Means exist to prevent water in the pit reaching the height of the fully compressed car buffer, in accordance with SE SE 81-72-2015, 5.3.4.

Means exist to prevent the water level in the pit from reaching equipment which would create a malfunction of the lift, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.3.4.

1.2 Protection of electrical equipment against water

Ta	ble 1 – Result of examination and test – Firefighters lifts – General		
1.1	Fundamental firefighters lift requirements		
a)	Confirm that the lift serves floors in the building as required by the design of the building for fire. NOTE BS 9999 recommends that the lift serves every floor necessary to fight fires.	e y	es
b)	Confirm that the car dimensions are in accordance with BS ISO 4190-1 but not less than 1 100 mm × 1 400 mm, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.2.	Y	es
c)	Confirm that the rated load is ≥630 kg in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.2.	Y	es
d)	Confirm that the entrance width is ≥800 mm in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.2.	Y	es
e)	Confirm that when the lift is to be used for evacuation, the car dimensions are at least 1 100 mm × 2 100 mm in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.3 .	Α Υ	es
f)	Confirm that when the lift is to be used for evacuation, the rated l oad is N/ ≥1 000 kg in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.3.	'A Y	es
g)	Confirm that the time to reach the furthest floor from access level is ≤60 s + 1 s for each additional 3 m travel over 200 m, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.4 .	Y	es
h)	Confirm that any electrical/electronic devices on landings other than at the fire service access level which are not designed to function correctly from 0 °C to 65° C are made non-operational, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.5a).	Y	es
i)	Confirm that any ambient temperature sensor does not stop and does not prevent starting of the firefighters lift, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.5d).	Y	es
j)	Confirm that where a dual entry lift car is used, no more than one car door opens during firefighting operations in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.6 ,	YA Y	es
k)	Confirm that the distance between consecutive landing doorsills, or intermediate emergency doors if required, does not exceed 7 m in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.2.7 .	Y	es
I)	Confirm that the lift well and machinery spaces do not contain sprinklers, in accordance with BS EN 81-72 2015, 5.2.9.	Y	es
m)	Confirm that horizontal car and landing doors are automatic and coupled in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.6 .	Y	es

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Table 2 – Result of examination and test – Firefighters lifts – Rescue of trapped fire-fighters in the car

12.	Emergency trap door	
a)	Confirm that an emergency trapdoor in the car roof is provided with clear opening dimensions (measured with the ladder in the rescue position) of at least 0.5 m \times 0.7 m (0.4 m \times 0.5 m for a rated load of 630 kg), in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.1.1.	Yes
b)	Confirm that the following are in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.1.2 .	
	The emergency trap door conforms to BS EN 81-20:2014, 5.4.6 except for its size.	Yes
	Access to the inside of the car through the emergency trap door is not obstructed by any permanent fixture or lighting, and where a suspended celling is fitted, it is easily openable or removable without the use of special tools.	Yes
	The handling force of any part of the suspended ceiling to access the emergency trap door is less than 250 N, and the release point(s) are clearly identified from both inside and outside the car when the emergency trap door is opened for rescue.	Yes
C)	Confirm that when the emergency trap door is open, it blocks further operation of the lift, and that when redosed, the electrical switch is not reset without making a positive action, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.4.1.3 .	Yes
2.2	2 Ladders (see BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.2)	
a)	Confirm that ladder(s) in their stored location do not cause a tripping hazard during normal maintenance operations and that they can be safely deployed, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.4.2.1.	Yes
b)	Confirm that an electrical safety device prevents operation of the lift if the ladder(s) is not in its stored position, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.2.2.	Yes
C)	Where a moveable ladder is provided for rescue purposes between the car and car roof, confirm that its length is at least 1 m longer than the car height and that it is positioned to the shorter side of the emergency trap door, in accordance with BS EM 817-22015, 84,23.	Yes
d)	Confirm that the length of a moveable ladder for rescue procedures between the car roof and the next landing from the car allows the firefighter to release the landing door lock mechanism and open the landing door by hand, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.4.2.4.	Yes
e)	Confirm that moveable ladder(s) are not longer than 6 m in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.2.4.	Yes

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Table 2 - Result of examination and test - Firefighters lifts - Rescue of trapped

fire-fighters in the car

	e BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.3)		
pro	nfirm that a ladder conforming to BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.2 is avided, which can be deployed from the car roof to allow seending into the car from the car roof.	N/A	Yes
NC car	TE 1 This can be the same ladder as used for rescue from inside the).		
NC	TE 2 BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.3 describes other means of rescue.		
	Self-rescue from inside the lift car le BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.4)		
a)	Confirm that the emergency trap door can be fully opened from inside the car and that either a ladder or stepping points are positioned on the shorter side of the trap door.		Yes
b)	Where stepping points are provided, confirm that the maximum step rise to reach the trap door is 0,4 m and the distance from each stepping point to a vertical wall is 20,15 m, and that each step point is capable of supporting a load of 1500 N.	N/A	Yes
c)	Where a ladder is provided for ascending onto the car roof, confirm that it can be deployed from inside the car, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.2 .	N/A	Yes
d)	Confirm that a ladder conforming to BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.2 is provided to allow ascending from the car roof to the next landing above.		Yes
e)	Confirm that a diagram or symbol at each landing indicates how the landing door can be unlocked, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.4.5 .	7	Yes
f)	Confirm that for each position where the lift can be stopped throughout the full travel of the lift, the rescue procedures defined in BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.4.3 and 5.4.4 are possible.		Yes

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of examination and tes		

	1	
3.1	Lobby	
a)	Confirm that each landing entrance used for firefighting operations has a fire-protected lobby in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.1.1.	Yes
b)	Confirm that every other landing entrance is protected by a lobby, fire shutter or a fire door in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 51.1 and 51.4.	Yes
N	OTE See also BS 9999.	
3.2	Power supplies	
a)	Confirm that the lift is provided with a secondary power supply in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.1.5 .	Yes
b)	Confirm that the primary and secondary power supply cables are fire-protected in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.1.6 .	Yes
c)	Confirm that the source of the secondary power supply and automatic switch gear is located in a fire-protected area, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.17.	Yes
d)	Confirm that primary and secondary supplies are fire-protected to the same level as the lift well equipment, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 59.1.	Yes
e)	Confirm that secondary supplies are adequate to run the lift at rated speed and the car and lift well lighting for a period equal to the fire-resistance of the structure, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.9.2.	Yes
f)	Confirm that, in the case of an air pressurized lift well, noise levels from the pressurization system are less than 80 dB(A) measured at positions 0.5 m from the microphones in the Gar, FSAL and at the emergency and lest panel, in accordance with BS EN 81-72/2015, 5.1.8.	Yes
g)	Confirm that, in the case of an air pressurized lift well, the pressurization system does not affect the opening and dosing of the car and landing doers, in accordance with BS EN 81-72 2015, 5.1.8.	Yes
3.3	3 Lift machine	
a)	Confirm that any compartment containing lift equipment has equivalent fire protection to the lift well, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.7.1.	Yes
b)	Confirm that any machinery space located outside the lift well and outside a fire compartment is protected with at least the same fire resistance as the fire compartment(s), in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.7.2.	Yes
c)	Confirm that any connection of cables and hydraulic pipes between fire compartments has equivalent protection to the fire compartments, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5,5 and 5.7.2.	Yes
d)	Confirm that the locations of the lift main switch, emergency and testing panel or machine room are indicated on a label at the fire service access level, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.7.2. NOTE: This is a recommendation and not a normalive requirement so the	Yes

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Table 4 – Result of examination and test – Firefighters lifts – Control and communication systems 4.2 Phase 1:Priority recall

7.2	That In honey recall		
	nfirm that the following conditions are all met in the event of either the operation of the f itch or an external input recalling the lift automatically.	irefigh	ters
a)	The lift well and machinery spaces are automatically illuminated upon initiation of the firefighters lift switch, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.8.7a).	Yes	
b)	All landing and car call buttons are inoperative and existing calls are cancelled in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.7b).	Yes	
c)	Door open and emergency alarm buttons remain operative in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.7 c).	Yes	
d)	The lift functions independently of all other lifts in a group in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.7d).	Yes	
e)	The communication device described in BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.12 is made operational in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.7 e).	Yes	
f)	The pictogram in the car operating panel is activated and remains activated until the lift is restored to normal operation, in accordance with BSE 41-72:2015, 58.71) and Figure G.1.	Yes	
g)	If the lift is on inspection control, emergency electrical operation or any maintenance control, an audible signal sounds until the firefighters lift is removed from inspection operation, emergency electrical operation or any maintenance control; then the firefighters lift continues with phase 1 operation, in accordance with BSEN 81-72-2015, 5.8.7g).	Yes	
h)	If the firefighters lift is parked at a landing, an audible signal sounds in the car until the doors are closed; the lift then travels non-stop to the fire service access level, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.70)1).	Yes	
i)	If the lift is parked at a landing, at the latest when the door dwell time exceeds 15 s, all heat and smoke sensitive door protection devices are made inactive and the doors attempt to close under, reduced power, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.7h)1).	Yes	
j)	If the lift is travelling away from the fire service access level, it stops at the nearest possible floor, the doors remain dosed, then it returns to the fire service access floor, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 58,7n)2).	Yes	
k)	If the lift is travelling towards the fire service access level, it continues its travel non-stop to the fire service access level in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.8.7nj). NOTE If the lift has already started stopping at level, it makes a normal stop without opening doors and continues to fire service access level.	Yes	
I)	Once the lift has arrived at the fire service access level, it parks there with the car and landing doors open, in accordance with	Yes	

Table 4 – Result of examination and test – Firefighters lifts – Control and

CO	mmunication systems		
4.1	Control system		
a)	Confirm that the firefighters lift switch is within 2.0 m of the landing entrance, between 1.4 m and 2.0 m above landing level, and is identified by suitable pictogram in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.8.1.		Yes
b)	Confirm that operation of the switch is by an emergency unlocking triangle (or other key where a firefighters lift car key switch is used) and that the switch position marked "1" for fire-fighting operations and "0" for normal operation, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.2.		Yes
c)	Confirm that an external signal, if provided, allows the firefighters lift to return to the fire service access level and stay with doors open, and that operation of the firefighters lift switch to the "1" position is required to complete phase 1, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, S.8.2.	N/A	Yes
d)	Confirm that when the firefighters switch is operated, all lift safety devices remain operational, with the exception of heat and smoke sensitive door reversal devices which may be deactivated in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.8.3, 5.8.7h) and 5.8.8f).		Yes
e)	Confirm that the firefighters lift switch does not override any electric safety device (e.g. stop switch), inspection control or emergency electrical operation, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.4.		Yes
f)	Confirm that malfunction of the landing call control or other parts of the lift control system located outside of the lift well and machinery spaces does not cause malfunction of the firefighters lift. In accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.5. NOTE This includes faults in common group control systems between lifts.	V	Yes
g)	Confirm that no electrical fault on any other lift located in the same group as the firefighters lift affects the operation of the firefighters lift, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.5.		Yes
h)	Confirm that the interruption of an interface connection between the firefighters lift switch and the lift control system initiates phase 1 whilst the lift is in normal operation, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.8.6.		Yes
i)	Confirm that the interruption of an interface connection between the firefighters lift switch and the lift control system does not change the mode of operation when the lift is in fire service mode, in accordance with BS		Yes
j)	Confirm that the interruption of an interface connection between the car key switch and the control system changes the operation equal to the car key switch in position "1", in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.8.6.	N/A	Yes

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Table 4 - Result of examination and test - Firefighters lifts - Control and

_	communication systems	
Ì	4.3 Phase 2:Use of lift under firefighters control	
Ì	Operate the car control devices and confirm that the following conditions are all met.	
	Where Phase 1 has been initiated by an external signal, the lift does not operate until the firefighters lift switch has been operated, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.8.8a).	Yes
l	b) Only one car call can be selected simultaneously, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.8 b).	Yes
	 It is possible to register another call in the car at any time which cancels the previous call and the car travels to the new registered floor, in accordance IMS SEN 81-72:2015, 5.8.8c). 	Yes
	d) Constant pressure on a car call button or on the door close button closes the doors. If the button is released before the door is fully closed, the doors automatically reopen. When the door is fully closed, the car call can be registered and the car travels to the destination landing, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 58.80).	Yes
	When the car is stationary at a landing, constant pressure on the door open button causes the doors to open, and release of pressure before the doors are within 50 mm of fully open causes the doors to re-close, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.8.8e).	Yes
	Car door reversal devices and door open buttons remain operative except those that could be affected by heat or smoke, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.8.8f).	Yes
	 If the firefighters lift service switch is operated from "1" to '0" for more than 5 s then returned to "1", the lift returns to the fire access level in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.8.g). 	Yes
	h) Where an additional firefighters car key switch is fitted, it is marked '1' and '0', has a pictogram and the key is removable in the '0' position only. If the fire service access level switch is set for firefighters control, the car key switch is set to '1' to initiate phase 2. If the car is at a floor and not at the fire service access level and the car key switch is set in the '0' position, movement of the car is prevented and the doors operate as in e) above, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 58.8h.	Yes
	 Any registered car call is displayed visually on the car control panel in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.8). 	Yes
	 The position of the car is visually displayed at fire service access level and in the car, under both normal and emergency power supply conditions, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.8.8). 	Yes
ĺ	 k) The lift will not move until a call is registered in the car, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.8k). 	Yes
	 Fire service communication remains operative during Phase 2, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.8l). 	Yes
	m) When the firefighters switches are returned to the "0" position, the firefighters lift control system reverts to normal operation only when the lift has been returned to the fire service access level, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.8m).	Yes

Table 4 - Result of examination and test - Firefighters lifts - Control and

4.4 Dual entry car – all fire-protected lobbies on the same side as the fire service access level	
When the protected fire lobbies are all the same side as the fire service access level, confirm that the following conditions are all met in the case of one car operating panel, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.9.1a).	N/A
The car control panel has two door open buttons (one for each car door), easily identifiable as to which side they are associated with.	Yes
In phase 2, the door open button for the fire service access level side is illuminated and made active, the other door open button is inactive, and those doors do not open.	Yes
b) When the protected fire lobbies are all the same side as the fire service access level, confirm that the following conditions are all met in the case of more than one car operating panel, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.9.1b).	N/A
The control panel at the side of the lift car which opens on to the protected lobby is marked with the pictogram for firefighters use in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.9.10) and Annex G].	Yes
In phase 2, the other car control panel is inoperative.	Yes
If the car control panel includes more than one door open button, the door open button corresponding to the fire service access level is illuminated in phase 2 and the other door open button made inoperative.	Yes
Doors that are not the same side as the fire service access level do not open.	Yes
4.5 Dual entry car – all fire-protected lobbies not on the same side as the fire service access level	
a) When the fire-protected lobbies are not all the same side as the fire service access level, confirm that the following conditions are all met in the case of one car control panel, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5,8,9,2b).	N/A
The car control panel has two door open buttons (one for each car door), easily identifiable as to which side they are associated with.	Yes
In phase 2, when the lift is standing at a floor level or the lift is in motion with a car call registered, the available side(s) of the safe area at the destination landing is indicated by <code> luminating the corresponding door open button(s)</code> , and other door open buttons are	Yes

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Table 4 - Result of examination and test - Firefighters lifts - Control and

4.8 Fire service communication system	
Confirm that the firefighters lift has an intercom system or similar device for interactive two-way speech communication whilst the lift is in phases 1 and 2, between the firefighters lift car and the following points, and that the following conditions are all met, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.12.1.	Yes
The fire service access level where communication between the car and fire service access level is permanently active during phases 1 and 2 without pressing a control button.	
 The firefighters lift machine room, or in the case of machine-room-less lifts, at the emergency and test panel where the microphone is active only when a control button is pressed on the intercom unit. 	
Other location for communication as determined from negotiation where the microphone is active only when a control button is pressed on the intercom unit.	
 Confirm that the communication system within the car and at the fire service access level is a built-in microphone and speaker and not a telephone handset, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.12.2. 	Yes
 c) Confirm that the wiring for the communication system is within the lift well, in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.12.3. 	Yes
4.9 Vandal-prone areas	
Confirm that, where the lift is installed in a vandal-prone area/ building, the requirements of BS EN 81-71 have been applied until firefighters mode is activated, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.13.	Yes
b) Confirm that, where the lift is installed in a vandal-prone area/ N/A building, alarm filtering as BS EN 81-28 is disabled, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.13.	Yes
NOTE This is a recommendation and not a normative requirement so the lift can be in conformity to BS EN 81-72:2015 without this item.	
4.9 Instructions	
Confirm that the instruction manual gives the necessary information about the firefighters lift in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, Clause 7.	Yes

Table 4 - Result of examination and test - Firefighters lifts - Control and

		7	
b)	When the fire-protected lobbies are not all the same side as the fire service access level, confirm that the following conditions are all met in the case of more than one car control panel, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.89.25.	N/A	
	 Only one control panel is marked with the pictogram for firefighters use, the control panel serves all the intended floors and has two door open buttons, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.8.9.2c)1) and Annex G. 	Yes	
	 In phase 2, when the lift is standing at a floor level or the lift is in motion with a car call registered, the door open button is illuminated corresponding to the available safe area side(s) on the destination landing, and other door open buttons are inoperative. 	Yes	
	3) In phase 2, the other car control panel is inoperative.	Yes	
4.6	Power supplies		
a)	Confirm that when the power supply is re-established, the lift is available for service within 1 min in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.10.	Yes	
b)	Confirm that when the power supply is re-established, if the lift needs to move to establish its position, it moves no more than one floor and towards the fire service access level, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5,10.	Yes	
4.7	Car and landing controls		
a)	Confirm that the fire service access level has a car position indicator in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.11.1.	Yes	
b)	Confirm that the car controls, position indicator inside the car, position indicator at the fire service access level and the firefighters lift switch are protected to at least BS EN 60529, [PX3 in accordance with BS EN 81-72-2015, 5.11.2,	Yes	
c)	Confirm that the landing controls and landing indicators on other levels than the fire service access level are either protected to at least BS EN 60529, IPX3, or are electrically disconnected on operation of the firefighters lift switch, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5.11.2.	Yes	
d)	Confirm that on phase 2 control, operation of the firefighters lift is by a full set of push buttons or keypad in the car (keypad size as BS EN 81-70), that there is visible feedback to show that a call has been accepted, and that other operating systems are inoperative, in accordance with BS EN 81-72.2015, 5.11.3.	Yes	
f)	Confirm that the car button for the fire service access level is suitably marked with a pictogram located either on or adjacent to the button, in accordance with BS EN 81-72:2015, 5-11.4 and Annex G.	Yes	

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Bibliography Standards publications

For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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BS 7255. Code of practice for safe working on lifts

BS 7671, Requirements for Electrical Installations - IET Wiring Regulations

BS 8486-1, Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 1: Electric lifts

BS 8486-2, Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 2: Hydraulic lifts

BS 8486-3, Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 3: Passenger and goods passenger lifts conforming to BS EN 81-20

BS 8486-4 (not yet published), Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service - Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 4: Passenger and goods passenger lifts in existing buildings conforming to BS EN 81-21

BS 8486-5 (not yet published), Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 5: Lift alarm systems conforming to BS EN 81-28

BS 8486-6 (not yet published), Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 6: Lift features for accessibility conforming to BS EN 81-70

BS 8486-7 (not yet published), Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 7: Lift features for vandalism conforming to BS EN 81-71

BS 8486-9 (not yet published), Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 9: Lift features for emergency recall conforming to BS EN 81-73

BS 8486-10 (not yet published), Examination and test of new lifts before putting into service – Specification for means of determining compliance with BS EN 81 – Part 10: Lift features for evacuation conforming to

BS 8899, Improvement of fire-fighting and evacuation provisions in existing lifts - Code of

BS 9999, Fire safety in the design, management and use of buildings - Code of practice

BS EN 81-71. Safety rules for the construction and installation of lifts - Particular applications to passenger lifts and goods passenger lifts - Vandal resistant lifts

BS EN 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)

BS ISO 4190-1, Lift (Elevator) installation - Part 1: Class I, II, III and VI lifts

Other publications

[1] GREAT BRITAIN. Lifts Regulations 2016. London: The Stationery Office.