



Aerospace



Internal Environments for Aircraft

BRE, February 2004

Karen Bull, Pall Aerospace



Aerospace



COPYRIGHT 2004

The information contained in this document is the property of the Pall Corporation, and is supplied for the use of the assigned recipient only. It remains the property of the Pall Corporation, and is to be returned to the issuing authority if the holder ceases to be a Pall employee, or an employee of a Pall distributor or customer.

Unauthorised use or reproduction is prohibited, and the information contained herein is not to be supplied to others without the specific approval of an officer of the Pall Corporation.



Aerospace

Presentation Content 1/2

Latest Technologies for Commercial Aircraft:

- HEPA Filter Elements for Recirculated Air
- HEPA Filter Elements for Bacteria & Virus Removal
- Treatment of Filter Elements
- Filter Elements for Odour/VOC Removal



Aerospace

Presentation Content 2/2

Future Filtration Solutions/New Technologies :

- To Improve Quality of Recirculated Air
- To Improve Quality of Outside Air
- To Improve Environmental Disposal
- To Reduce Ozone Levels in cabin

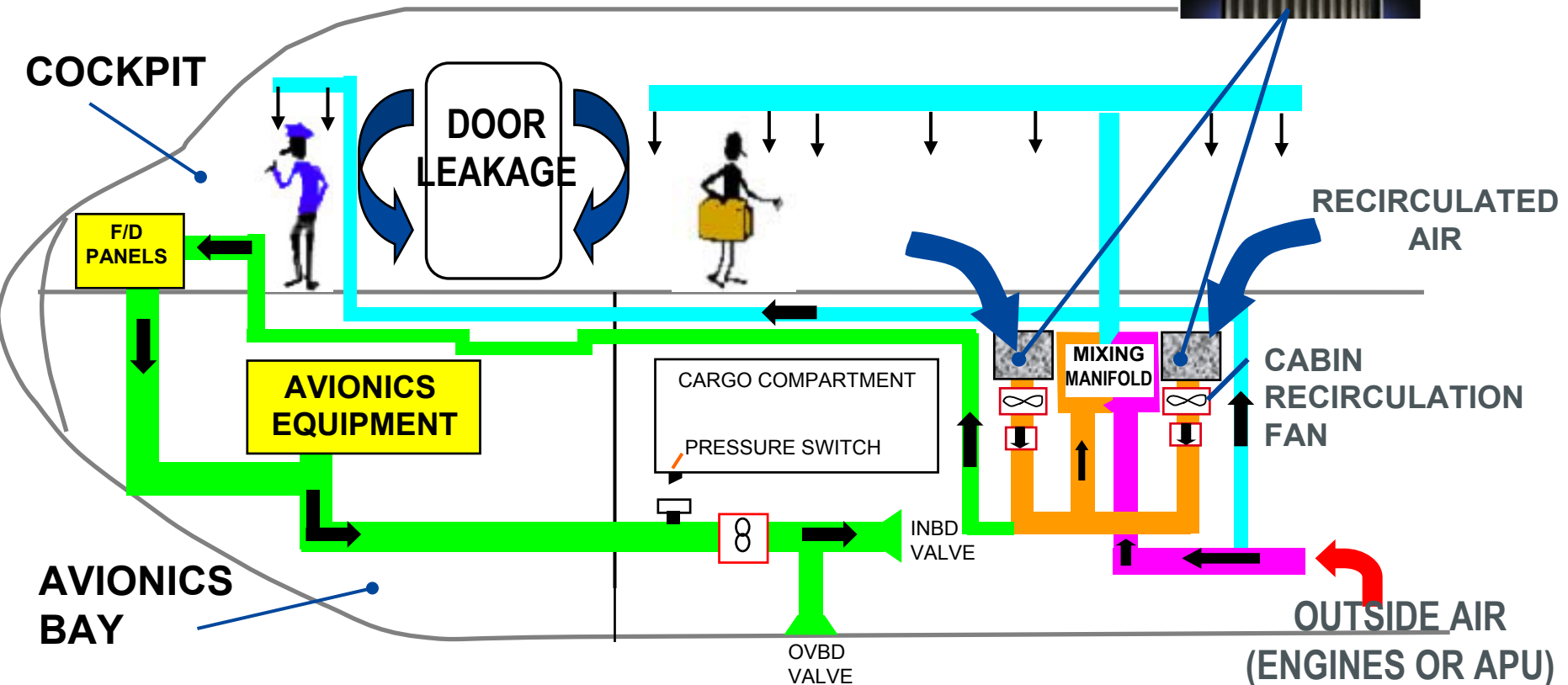
Conclusions

Latest Technologies

HEPA Filters for Recirculated Air



Modern A/C use a mixture of approx. 50/50 outside air/re-circulated air





Aerospace

Latest Technologies

HEPA Filters for Recirculated Air

HEPA = High Efficiency Particulate Air Filter

European Standard EN 1822-1:

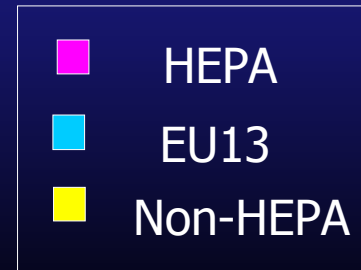
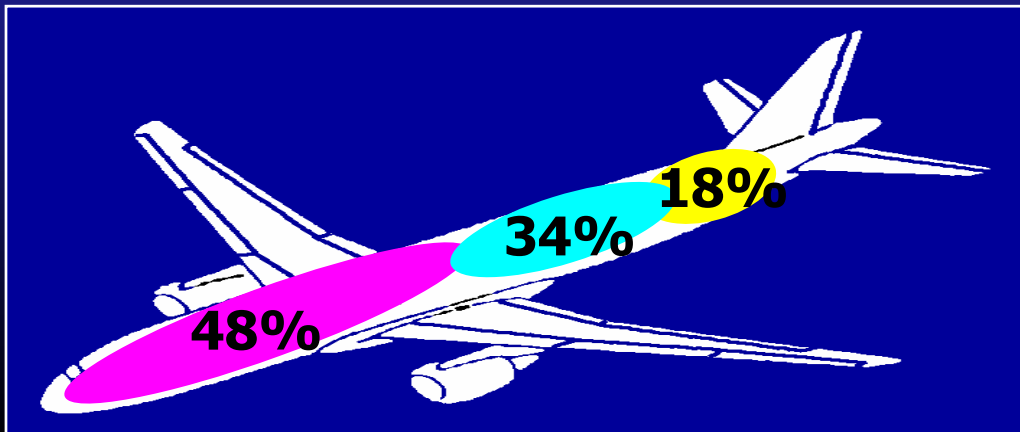
HEPA filter = 85% to 99.995% efficiency
(classes H10 to H14)

HEPA filters on latest commercial aircraft:

99.99% sodium flame / 99.97% D.O.P. efficiency

UK House Of Lords Investigation.....

Cabin Air Filter Standards on UK fleet





Aerospace

Latest Technologies

Bacteria/Virus Removal Filters

Improve air quality by removing bacteria and viruses

Bacteria

Typical size range 0.5 to 1.5 μm

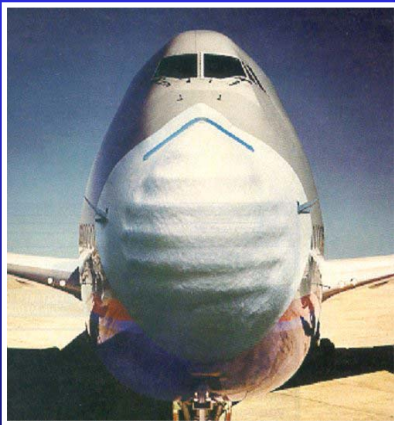


Photo reproduced courtesy of United Airlines

Virus

Typical size range 0.01 to 0.1 μm
(Corona virus 0.08 to 0.16 μm dia.)

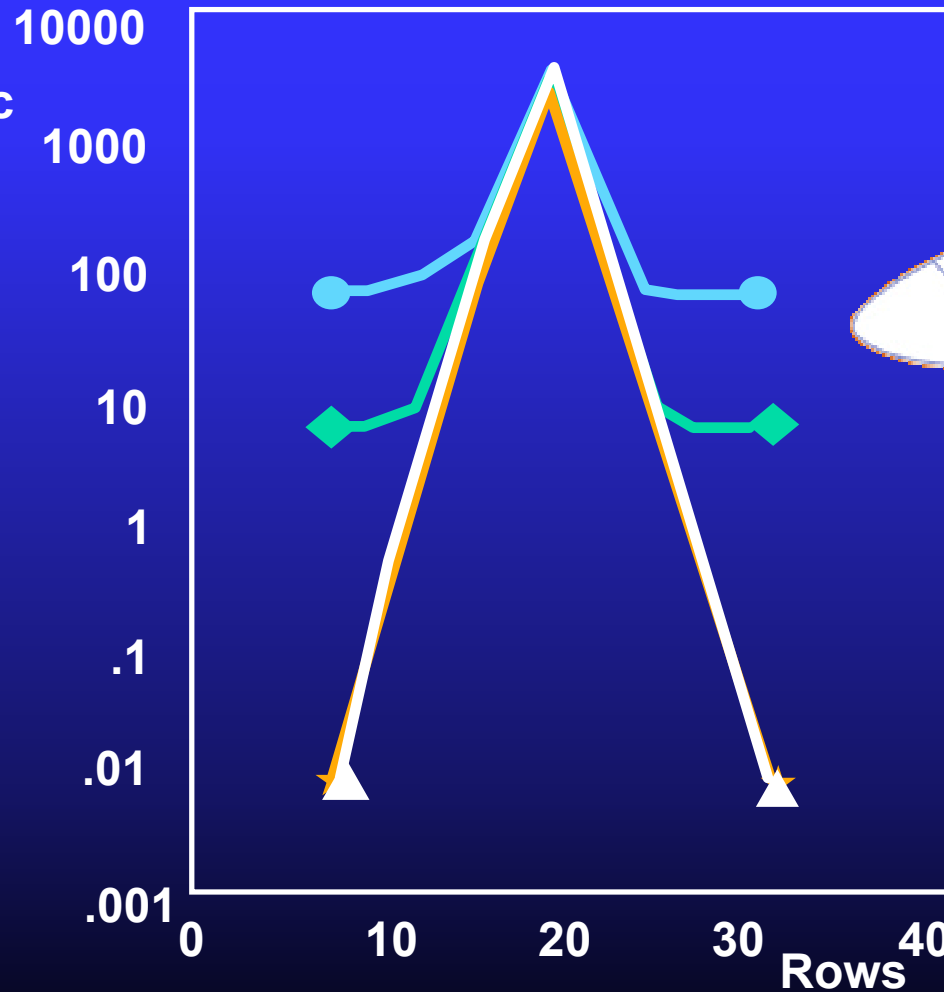
'True HEPA' cabin air filters have a microbial removal efficiency of > 99.999%



Aerospace

Latest Technologies

Bacteria/Virus Removal Filters



Microbial Efficiency

- = 90%
- ◆ = 99%
- ★ = 99.999%
- ▲ = Outside Air

True HEPA filters = Microbial equivalent of outside air



Aerospace

Latest Technologies

Filter Element Treatment

- Antimicrobial treatments are not necessary or recommended for cabin air filters.
- Once captured within the filter media, survival rate of micro organisms is very low (hours).
- Bacteria require **high humidity***, **moderate temperature***, and **nutrition*** to survive.
- Viruses need to invade **live human***, **animal***, or **bacterial cells*** to survive

X = Not present in aircraft environment or filter





Aerospace

Latest Technologies

Odour/VOC Removal

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)

- Hydraulic Fluids
- Engine & APU Lubricants
- Jet Fuels
- De-Icing Fluids
- In-Flight Catering
- Human bio effluent

These trace chemicals are present in both the recirculated air and outside air entering the ECS.



Aerospace

Latest Technologies

Odour/VOC Removal

Improve Air Quality by offering BOTH particulate and VOC/Odour removal capability

- Combined filter elements are available for a large proportion of Airbus aircraft types
- Current technology is a disposable filter element using an adsorbent solid.
- Removes odours & Volatile Organic Compounds
- Proven in-service experience



- Future technologies may be regenerable



Aerospace

Presentation Content 2/2

Future Filtration Solutions/New Technologies :

- To Improve Quality of Recirculated Air
- To Improve Quality of Outside Air
- To Improve Environmental Disposal
- To Reduce Ozone Levels in cabin

Conclusions



Aerospace

Future Technologies

To Improve Quality of Recirculated Air

Regenerable VOC/Odour removal

- Eleven technologies considered initially.
- Three possibilities selected.....
 - **Photo Catalytic Oxidation:** the catalyst (usually TiO₂) reacts with the VOCs.
 - **Temperature Swing Adsorption (TSA):** VOCs are removed by solid adsorbent beds which are regenerated by increasing the temperature.
 - **Plasma Oxidation:** ionised gas molecules react with the VOCs.



Aerospace

Future Technologies

To Improve Quality of Recirculated Air

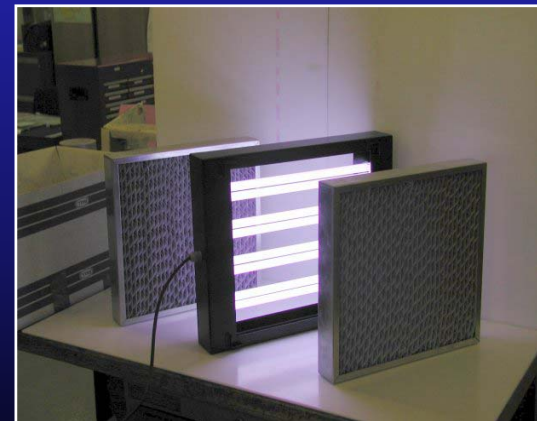
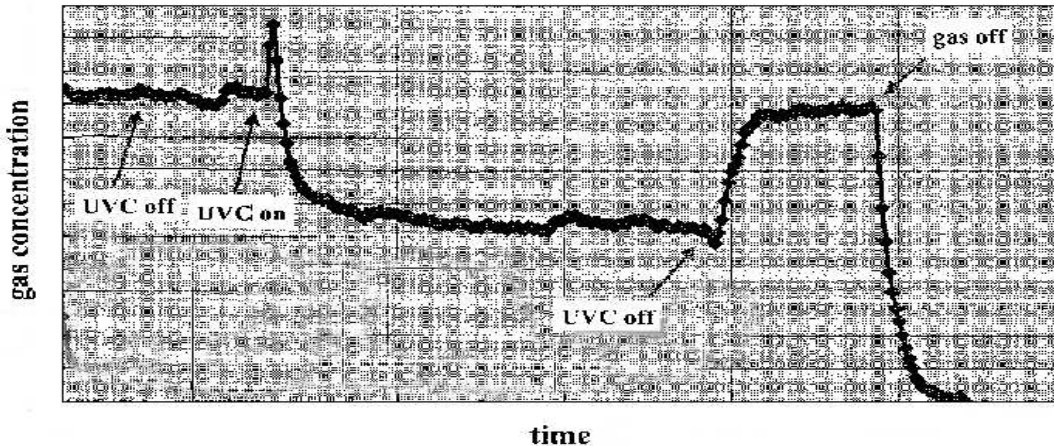
Photo Catalytic Oxidation:

Features	
<i>Low power, No consumable parts</i>	✓
<i>Need to completely oxidise VOCs</i>	x

Prototype tested at Cetiat, France



Photocatalytic Oxidation of Ethanol





Aerospace

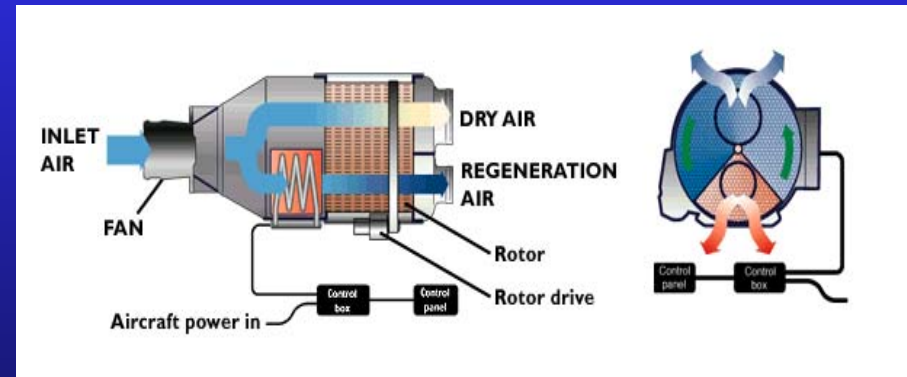
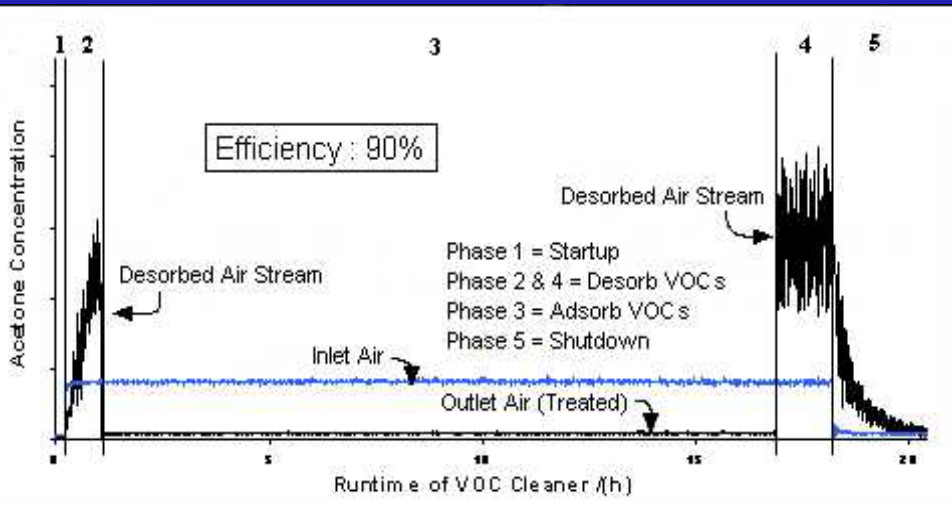
Future Technologies

Improve Quality of Recirculated Air

Temperature Swing Adsorption:

Features	
<i>Removes VOCs completely</i>	✓
<i>High Power, Rotating components</i>	X

Image courtesy of CTT



Initial testing demonstrated high power requirement



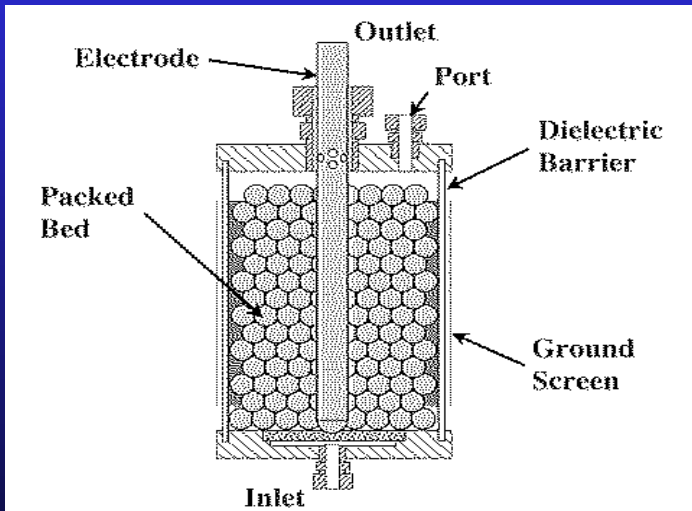
Aerospace

Future Technologies

Improve Quality of Recirculated Air

Plasma Oxidation:

Features	
<i>Low Power</i>	✓
<i>High residence time, High V, High Hz</i>	x



Not pursued after initial testing



Aerospace

Future Technologies

Improve Quality of Outside Air

Removal of contamination, odours/VOCs from outside air supply

Possible Locations

- Downstream of the auxiliary power unit (APU) and the engines
- Between the cooling packs and the mixing manifold
- Between the mixing manifold and the inlets to the passenger cabin



Aerospace

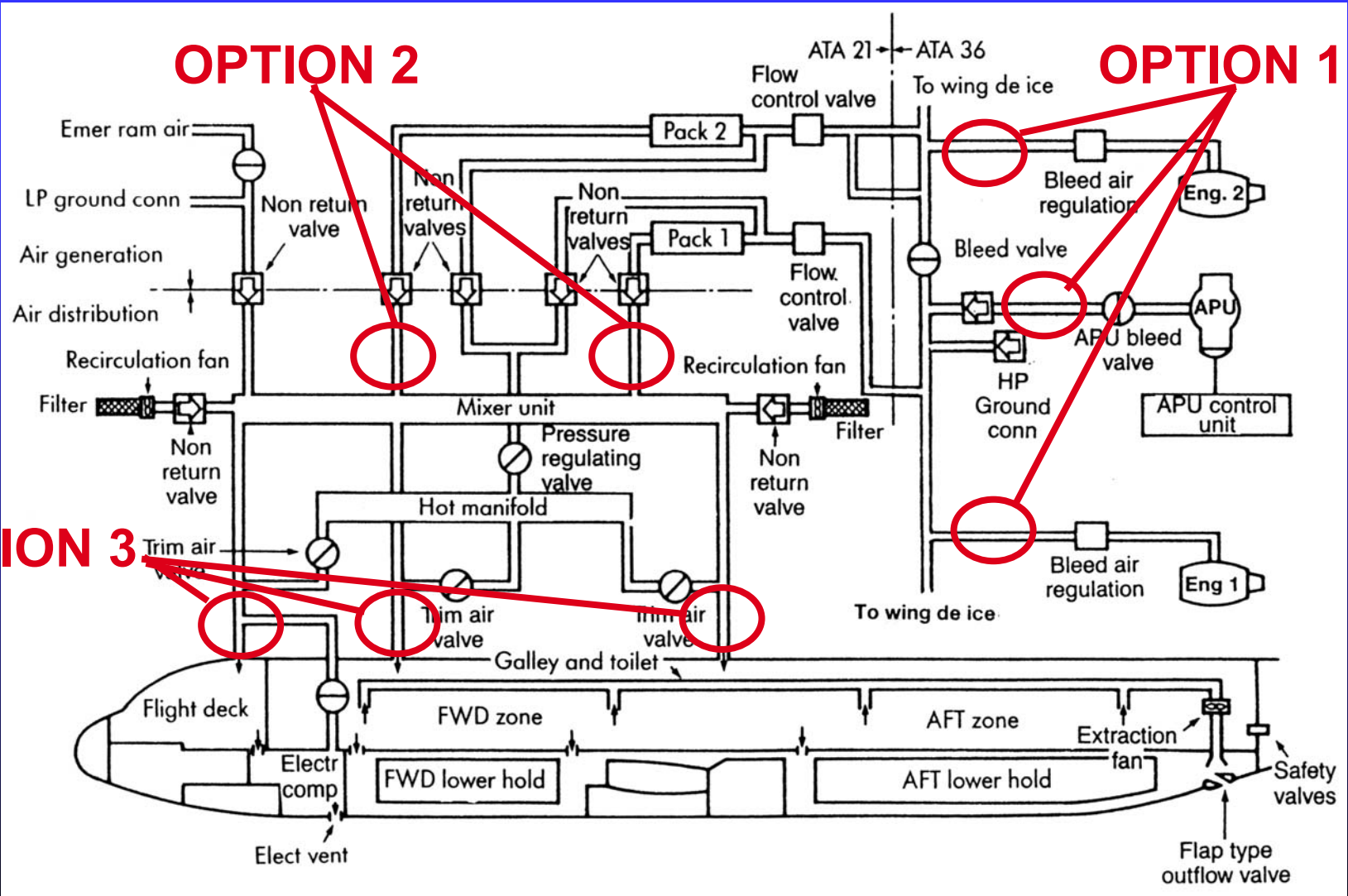
Future Technologies

Improve Quality of Outside Air

OPTION 2

OPTION 1

OPTION 3





Aerospace

Future Technologies

Improve Quality of Outside Air

Contamination & its Effects

- Contamination by airborne particles causes premature malfunction of the bleed air system and components
- Small sticky soot particles cause stiction and build up
 - protection needed for pneumatic components
 - Improved reliability, reduced maintenance cost
- Any Odours & Volatile Organic Compounds from outside aircraft or from internal sources will affect cabin air quality
 - protection needed for passengers and crew



Aerospace

Future Technologies

Improve Quality of Outside Air

Alternative Solutions

- High temperature (280°C) particulate filter system.

- Low temperature (70°C) VOC filter system.



- Proven in-service experience

- Laboratory tested



Aerospace

Future Technologies

To Improve Environmental Disposal

Typical Designs



Disposable filter elements - organic filter pack, sealed and bonded into a metal outer structure.

Filter Assemblies - metal structure

Future Designs

- Fully Incinerable or
- Recycle individual components

All plastic construction – fully disposable





Aerospace

Future Technologies

To Reduce Ozone levels

Ozone Sources:

Engine Bleed Air from Atmosphere

- 1st generation engines used bleed air at 482C – ozone destroyed
- Modern aircraft use engine bleed air at <232C – ozone can survive in the bulk gas phase for hours

Any ozone present can enter through air conditioning ducts.



Aerospace

Future Technologies

To Reduce Ozone levels

Removal Methods:

- Catalytic Converters (optional)
- 'Measurements in the Sky' programme showed ozone levels were within regulatory limits because ozone converters were fitted
- No further development work at this time



Conclusions



Aerospace

Latest Technologies:

- Recommend HEPA recirculation filters (>EU13)
- True HEPA filters provide microbial equivalent of outside air
- Odour/VOC removal is an option

Future Solutions/New Technologies:

- Regenerable VOC Removal to improve quality of recirculation air
- High temp. filters to improve quality of outside air
- Environmentally friendly filters are an option



Aerospace

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



ANY QUESTIONS?